ALBERTA PROVINCIAL LIBRARY MAR 9 1931

THE OYEN NEWS

VOL. 18, No. 1. OYEN, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY MARCH 4, 1931 PAGE ONE

I. H. C.
REPAIR SERVICE

NOW is the time to put your machinery in order for the spring work.

Avoid costly delays at seeding time by carefully checking over your machines now and getting necessary repair parts at once.

New stock of Tires and Tubes
—at greatly reduced prices—
Storage Batteries 89 25 and up.

JOHNSON'S Garage
Pontiac Sales and Service I.H.C. Machinery and Parts

Let us do the
Repair Work
on the families' Boots and Shoes

All footwear left with us to be repaired receives our careful attention. We guarantee satisfaction and our prices are reasonable.

J. B. LOWE
EVERYTHING IN LEATHER GOODS AND MEN'S WEAR

Meet your Friends
at the
Community
Four Square Club
Next Monday

Good News for Thrifty Housekeepers

Here are a few of our
Saturday-Monday Specials

Firm Cabbage, per lb.	6c
Salmon, Sea Cook Cohoe, 1's, 2 one lb. tins..	45c
Domestic Shortening, 2 lb. household tin ..	35c
Fresh Chocolate Mallow Biscuits, per lb. ..	29c

WE INVITE YOU TO SHOP AT THE
RED and WHITE Store

M. D. Golden Centre

The 9th meeting of the council of the municipal district of Golden Centre, No 272, was held at Golden Centre school on Saturday, Feb. 21. Members all present.

It was decided to hold a Tax Sale of land in the south half of the municipal district in Oyen, on Saturday, April 25, 1931, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon and a Tax Sale of land in the north half of the municipal district, in Sedalia on Wednesday, April 29, 1931, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

The financial statement to Feb. 13, 1931, was read and accepted.

Accounts were passed for payment and fees for meeting and mileage were allowed as follows: R. Cates, 6.00; B. Morris, 6.20; P. C. Hoard, 7.00; Ed. Stewart, 8.60; John Dahl, 6.00; and A. Jorgenson, 5.90.

Council adjourned to meet at N.E ¼ 13-30 5, on Friday, March 13, at 10 o'clock a.m.

Municipal Districts Election Results

The following are the results of the municipal district elections held last Saturday:

CEREAL—Div. No. 2, Olson 35, Mortimer 25. Div. No. 6, Gibson 52, Hogan 24

BERTAWAN — Div. No. 2, Hunter 16, Stewart 36.

ACADIA—Div. No. 2, Jones was re-elected in a three-cornered contest; Murphy and Porter were his opponents. Div. 2 Thurston, ex-reeve, defeated Boulter.

Boy Succumbs to Dipththeria

Arthur Garfield, 7 year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Odden, of Lanfine, Alta., died on Tuesday, February 24, 1931, at the family home, after a brief illness, death being caused by dipththeria. The funeral was conducted on Thursday, Feb. 26. The cortege left the house at 1 o'clock p.m. and interment followed at Sunnydale cemetery, Rev. H. C. Woods of Oyen, conducting the burial service.

Besides a number of beautiful floral tributes from friends and relatives, flowers were sent by Golden Valley U. F. A. local, and Helmsdale U.F.W.A.

Mrs. Odden and her youngest son, Ralph, who also contracted the malady are reported to be making satisfactory progress to recovery.

High Wind and Dust Storm

Temperatures during the last week were consistently mild with frosts at nights. Yesterday the weather was freakish with higher temperatures. At 2 p.m. 48 was registered. Later in the afternoon a drop of a few degrees occurred after which the temperature rose to 52 and an increasingly stiff west wind commenced to blow up clouds of dust in the evening.

At 10 p.m. it was freezing and through the night the temperature continued dropping. At 7 a.m. this morning 20 above zero was registered. The wind was still blowing stiffly, but showed signs of abating.

The C.W.L. will serve afternoon tea and hold a sale of home cooking on Saturday, March 21.

WEDDING

COOK—OSZUST

St. Josephs church, Grande Prairie, was the scene of a pretty wedding on Monday, February 16, 1931, when Josephine Adeline, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Oszust, became the bride of Robert Frederick, son of Mr. and Mrs. James Cook of Regina, Sask. Rev. Father Josse, officiated.

The bride who carried a bouquet of pink roses and lily of the valley and looked charming in a gown of pink satin, was attended by her sister Miss Helen Oszust, who wore a gown of pale green with hat to match and carried a bouquet of pink and white carnations. The bridegroom was attended by Mr. J. C. Shanks.

After the ceremony a reception was held in the dining room of the Donald Hotel, where a number of friends and relatives were present.

After a brief honeymoon trip to Regina, Sask., Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Cook will make their home in Beaverlodge, Alta.

Temperatures

The following are the readings for the week:

	7.30 a.m.	2 p.m.	10 p.m.
W. Feb. 25	0	34	26
T. Feb. 26	20	42	25
F. Feb. 27	25	43	25
S. Feb. 28	23	44	29
S. Mar. 1	26	43	30
M. Mar. 2	19	48	26
T. Mar. 3	23	48	32
W. Mar. 4	20	29	

IN LIGHTER VEIN

One day, as I chanced to pass,
A beaver was damming a river.
And a man who had run out of gas,
Was doing the same to his flivver.

• • •

A subscription a day, keeps the sherrif away.

End-of-the-Season Clearance Lines

Many Winter Lines to be Cleared Regardless of Cost

Women's Silk and Wool, or Wool Hose up to $1 25. Out they go at ..	68c
Winter Hose, to 75c. Out they go at ..	53c
Ladies' Winter Underwear, Vests and Bloomers, reg. to $1.50 Going at ..	53c
Men's G.W.G. Mackinaw Coats, double to waist, guaranteed cloth. Reg 14.50	7.95
Men's Leather Windbreakers, reg. 8 50 Out they go at	5.75
Men's Jumbo knit Sweaters, assorted colors. Out they go at	2.75
Men's Flannel Shirts, reg. to $2.25. Out they go at	1.00
Men's Flannel Shirts, reg. up to $3.25 Out they go at	1.95
Boy's Flannel Shirts	95c
Ladies' Wool and Wool Crepe Dresses Reg. to 15.00 Out they go at ..	3.95

S. A. MILLER
MEMBER OF
ASSOCIATED GROCERS LTD
SERVICE AG QUALITY

UNITED GRAIN GROWERS
LIMITED
IN BUSINESS 25 YEARS

Paid-up Capital	$3,180,803.37
Reserve and Surplus	$2,490,981.11
Total Paid-up Capital, Reserve and Surplus	$5,671,784.48

Let this Company Handle Your Grain

Printing that Pleases

All work ordered from our Job Printing Department receives our careful attention—is neatly turned out—and each job is guaranteed to give satisfaction.

Give your next order to

The Oyen News

Its fine quality has won leadership

Yellow label Salada 60 cts a lb
Brown label Salada 70 cts a lb
'Fresh from the gardens'

Thrift --- Waste

At the present time people in all walks of life, individuals, corporations, governments, are deeply concerned over the prevailing business depression, unemployment, loss of purchasing power, accumulation of debts. Everywhere people are seeking to learn the primary cause with a view to applying a cure; they are anxious not only to overcome existing conditions, but to ascertain the cause with a view to preventing a recurrence of such conditions.

Some talk learnedly of the world's supply and distribution of gold, which is the basic standard of all international business. Others complain of over-production, although the more generally accepted view now is that the world suffers not so much from over-production as under-consumption. Enormous war debts imposing heavy taxation on all, are held by some to be the underlying cause. Restrictive tariffs, shutting off nations and interfering with the free flow of trade, are blamed by others. Faulty and unduly expensive methods of distribution from primary producer and manufacturer to the ultimate consumer are responsible, so others contend.

But when all these, and a multitude of other things are considered and given their due weight, does not the basic cause lie much nearer home for the average individual? Is it not because of a lack of thrift, the indulgence in habits of waste, that many persons find themselves in financial difficulties?

The writer can well imagine the reader saying to himself that the present is not the time to talk about thrift, when people have little or nothing to save and cannot indulge in waste because they have nothing to waste. But, the writer contends, this is, therefore, the most opportune of all times to advocate thrift and condemn waste. It would be a mistake to remain silent until times are booming again, because people then are in no mood to listen. It is when a dollar looms up big, big as ten dollars when times are good and business brisk, that people are more willing to give heed to the benefits of thrift. When money comes easily, it usually goes just as easily; but when it is hard to get we are the more inclined to hold on to it.

In his autobiography, the late Edward Bok, the famous editor of "The Ladies' Home Journal," tells how, when he came to America as a lad of six from his native land (the Netherlands), the most wonderful lesson for him was the necessity of thrift. He had already been taught that thrift was one of the fundamentals in a successful life; his family had come from a land noted for its thrift; but, he says, "we had been in the United States only a few days before the realization came home strongly to my father and mother that they had brought their children to a land of waste." Where, says Mr. Bok, the Dutchman saved, the American wasted. There was waste, and the most prodigal waste, on every hand. It was, he says, an easy calculation that what was thrown away in a week's time from Brooklyn *homes would feed the poor of the Netherlands.*

Continuing, Mr. Bok says: "At school, *I quickly learned that to 'save money'* was to be 'stingy'; as a young man, I soon found that the American disliked the word 'economy,' and on every hand he plainly grew spending grew. There was literally nothing in American life to teach me thrift or economy; everything to teach me to spend and to waste. I saw men who had earned good salaries in their prime, reach the years of incapacity as dependents. I saw families on every hand either living quite up to their means or beyond them; rarely with them. The more a man earned, the more he—or his wife—spent. I saw fathers and mothers and their children dressed beyond their incomes. The proportion of families who ran into debt was far greater than those who saved. When a panic came, the families 'pulled in,' when the panic was over, they 'let out.' But the end of the year found them precisely where they were at the close of the previous year, unless they were deeper in debt."

Is it not true,—we ask the question advisedly,—that many of us are in financial difficulty today because, instead of exercising thrift when times were good, and putting aside a little against the day when times might not be good, we spent to the limit of our earnings, possibly beyond, in the belief that times would always be good, and now we are in trouble with no reserve to fall back upon? Is it not true that we were wasteful, perhaps not in big things, but in numerous little ways, carelessly expending a dollar here and a dollar there which, if saved, would be a veritable godsend now? In these days of world depression, France has been quoted over and over again as the nation least affected and with less unemployment than any other great nation. Why? Because the French people are notoriously frugal; they save their pennies; they waste little.

But we in this new world, with far greater natural wealth and wider opportunity, are wasteful, extravagant, spendthrift. And the result, when depression comes and with no reserves, we suffer. Is not, perhaps, the real, the underlying cause of much of our present difficulty to be found in this unfortunate trait in our people? Think it over, each for himself or herself. And when better times come again, as come they will, and work is again plentiful and earnings again rise, govern yourself accordingly. You are not wasting much now, because you have not got it to waste; continue the habit when you again have something. You are practising thrift now because you must; continue it even when it is not a life and death necessity. You will then be ready for the next depression; better still, you will ward off such depression.

Waiter (seeing dissatisfaction on guest's face): "Wasn't the dinner cooked to suit you, sir?"

Guest: "Yes, all but the bill. Just take that back and tell them to boil it down a little."

Young Wife: "I learnt to cook while my husband was abroad."

Mother: "Well, and what did he say when he returned?"

Young Wife: "He went abroad again."

Too much ACID

Many people, two hours after eating, suffer indigestion as they call it. It is usually excess acid. Correct it with an alkali. The best way, the quick, harmless and efficient way, is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia. It has remained for 50 years the standard with physicians. One spoonful in water neutralizes many times its volume in stomach acids, and at once. The symptoms, such as headaches, gas, heartburn, etc., will disappear in five minutes.

(Made in Canada.)

You will never use crude methods when you know this better method. And you will never suffer from excess acid when you prove out this easy relief. Please do that—for your own sake—now.

Be sure to get the genuine, prescribed by doctors for conditions due to excess acid. It is always a liquid; it cannot be made in tablet form. Look for the name Phillips' and the word *genuine* in red.

Speaks On Arctic Trip

Sir Hubert Wilkins Tells Australia Of Coming Submarine Adventure

Sir Hubert Wilkins, explorer, told the home folks in Australia by radio how he planned to sneak up on the North Pole from beneath the sea by submarine.

The proposed submarine trip to the Arctic, the veteran of treks and airplane flights at both ends of the earth said, would "probably be the most adventurous I have undertaken."

With a converted navy submarine, Sir Hubert plans to leave this country about May 1, go to England, thence to Norway and so begin his cruise into the ice fields of the Arctic Ocean.

The submarine is christened the "Nautilus," after Jules Verne's submersible.

The submarine has been equipped with ice drills, capable of boring up through more than thirty feet of ice to reach the air. The tip of the large drill contains a hatch through which the crew can reach the ice and by which air can be brought into the boat when charging batteries.

Lady Wilkins told newspapermen that she would accompany Sir Hubert on his submarine voyage under arctic ice this summer. The object of his expedition to the North Pole is to establish a ring of meteorological bureaux to study seasonal weather conditions which may have an influence on the weather far to the South. He eventually hopes to have similar stations circling the Antarctic.

Acids In Stomach Cause Indigestion

Medical authorities state that nearly three-tenths of the cases of stomach trouble, indigestion, sourness, burning, gas, bloating, nausea, etc., are due to an excess of hydrochloric acid in the stomach. The delicate stomach lining is irritated, digestion is delayed and food sours, causing the disagreeable symptoms which every stomach sufferer knows so well.

Artificial digestents are not needed in such cases and may do real harm. Try laying aside all digestive aids and instead get from any druggist some Bisurated Magnesia and take in water right after eating. This sweetens the stomach, prevents the formation of excess acid and there is no soreness, gas or pain. Bisurated Magnesia (in powder or tablet form—never liquid or milk) is harmless to the stomach, inexpensive to take and is the most efficient form of magnesia for stomach purposes. It is used by thousands of people who enjoy their meals with no more fear of indigestion.

Aviation In Alberta

Alberta Flyers Have An Enviable Record Of Performance

Alberta fliers, fewer in number than those of the majority of the provinces in Canada, are among the most active, to judge from the latest figures from the Department of Civil Aviation, which show that during the year 14,950 flights, during which about 500,000 miles were covered, were undertaken. Alberta fliers during the year spent 6,415 hours in the air, the average flight lasting for 25 minutes. The 'planes carried 12,169 passengers.

Persian Balm promotes daintiness, charm and beauty. It is unrivalled in its magical effect on the skin. Swiftly absorbed by the tissues, it leaves never a vestige of stickiness. Delightfully cool to the skin. Stimulating and invigorating. Softens and makes the hands flawlessly white. Subtly fragrant. Imparts youth and loveliness to the complexion. Persian Balm is the inevitable choice of the woman who cares.

British Air Ministry Has Difficult Task

Every Day Amount Of Sunlight Penetrating City Is Measured

One of the most difficult tasks in London is carried out daily at the Air Ministry offices, where the amount of sunshine penetrating the city is measured. The measuring apparatus consists of a small glass ball through which the heat of the sun passes to burn a special paper placed beneath it, the mark on the paper being used to compute the amount of sunlight passing through.

A Worth While Achievement

American tourists returning from Europe report that beards are coming back into style. It is doubtful if they will ever again attain great popularity in America. But if some superscientist would advise a way to transpose the ever-abundant facial hairs of the male to the uppermost portion of his cranium—ah, there would be an achievement.

Discover New Land

New land has been discovered in the Antarctic by the Norwegian whaler, Torlyn, the whaler reported in a wireless message. The new land, the message said, is a continuation of Mt. Robertson Land, which Sir Douglas Mawson discovered last year.

Government and private steel works in Japan may be merged.

When BABIES are Upset

BABY ills and ailments seem twice as serious at night. A sudden cry may mean colic. Or a sudden attack of diarrhea. How would you meet this emergency—tonight? Have you a bottle of Castoria ready?

For the protection of your wee one—for your own peace of mind—keep this old, reliable preparation always on hand. But don't keep it just for emergencies; let it be an everyday aid. Its gentle influence will ease and soothe the infant who cannot sleep. Its mild regulation will help an older child whose tongue is coated because of sluggish bowels. All druggists have Castoria.

Fletcher's CASTORIA

MacMillan's Equipment Will Include 'Planes

Arctic Explorer Outlines Plans For Trip Into Baffin Land

Donald B. MacMillan, Arctic explorer outlined plans for an expedition into Baffin Land and the North Polar region next summer. The expedition, he said, would be in three sections—the first sailing from Wiscaset, Maine, June 20, to be followed by Dr. Alexander Forbes, of Boston, and Sir Wilfred Grenfell, of London. Three aeroplanes will be included in the equipment.

One of the principal objectives, he said, would be the study of glaciers to determine the possibility of the formation of another "glacier age."

When a mother detects from the writhings and fretting of a child that worms are troubling it, she can procure a reliable remedy in Miller's Worm Powders which will expel all worms from the system. They do not cause vomiting, but this need cause no anxiety, because it is but a manifestation of their thorough work. No worms can long exist where these Powders are used.

Work For Russian Women

Soviet Government May Employ Women To Overcome Labor Shortage

Employment of hundreds of thousands of women in industries to overcome the present serious shortage of labor, is being considered by the government of the Soviet Union.

With thousands of jobs for which there are no takers, the country today has the greatest shortage of labor in its history. With millions of women inactive it is believed the problem could be solved by pressing them into service. The children would be cared for by the state while their mothers are working.

Nearly all children are subject to worms, and many are born with them. Spare them suffering by using Mothed Graves' Worm Exterminator, an excellent remedy.

Canadian Coal

Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, British Columbia and the Yukon produce only bituminous coal; the Saskatchewan mines yield lignite only; Alberta produces bituminous, subbituminous, and lignite, and formerly also mined some anthracite.

The chief objection to the school of experience is that it thinks up a new course every time you are ready to be graduated.

London now has 20,000 men on its police force.

for COLDS
Head Colds: Heat Minard's and inhale it. Chest Colds and Sore Throat: Heat, then rub well into affected parts.
Real relief . . . quickly!
MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

W. N. U. 1879

Test Was Convincing

New Fool-Proof 'Plane Will Land Itself Safely

A fool-proof aeroplane which its inventor claims will neither stall, spin or dive and will land itself, is the latest contribution to safety in the air.

While more than an hundred aeronautical experts and financiers watched the 'plane was successfully tested at Glenn H. Curtiss airport, New York. Piloted by Henry White, it made a half dozen short flights, and came to a near-perfect landing each time with the pilot's hands high above his head.

The designer is A. A. Merrill, of White Plains, N.Y., formerly in charge of aeronautical research at the California Institute of Technology, and a contemporary of the Wright Brothers, Octave Chanute and Langley. He has been working on the 'plane since 1913, and at one time was forced to mortgage his life insurance to continue.

Movable wings which can be adjusted over an arc of 14 degrees are the secret of the 'plane's stability. In flight these restricted flying surfaces prevent a pilot from unwittingly going into a stall or a dive. In landing, they mercharically level off at the proper distance from the ground and assume the proper gliding angle.

Will Go On Polar Trip

Lady Wilkins To Accompany Her Husband On Submarine Voyage

Lady Wilkins told newspapermen at Montreal that she would accompany Sir Hubert Wilkins, veteran explorer, on his submarine voyage under Arctic ice this summer. Sir Hubert said the object of his expedition to the north pole would be to establish a ring of meteorological bureaux to study seasonal weather conditions which may have an influence on the weather far to the south. He said he eventually hopes to have similar stations circling the Antarctic.

Time Has Tested It.—Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil has been on the market upwards of fifty years and in that time it has proved a blessing to thousands. It is in high favor throughout Canada and its excellence has carried its fame beyond the seas. If it were double the price it would be a cheap liniment.

Alberta-B.C. Boundary

Legislation has been brought down in the British Columbia legislature by Hon. N. S. Lougheed, Minister of Lands, approving the Alberta-British Columbia boundary as surveyed by a joint commission between 1913 and 1924.

DIZZINESS

Caused by Blood pressure

Doctor ordered Kruschen

"Five years ago this month I had a serious attack of blood pressure, and my medical man ordered me to take Kruschen Salts daily. Evidently I am a stubborn subject, because I use every morning a small teaspoonful and a half in a glass of hot water, and this acts splendidly and keeps my head right. If I don't have the action mentioned, I feel cold, stupid and liable to fall from dizziness. Therefore I can't do without my Kruschen on any account. Some time ago I tried some other salts which were cheaper, but they pained me so much that I had to stop them. There is no pain with Kruschen. I have told hundreds of my little wonder-working bottle."—(Mrs. C. Ferguson.)

Dizziness is a symptom of a deepseated disorder. It is one of Nature's danger signals—her urgent warning of an impure blood-stream which, if not attended to in time, may wreck the entire health with some dangerous, indeed lifelong, disease. The six salts in Kruschen keep the blood-stream pure and vigorous by ensuring the complete elimination of poisonous waste matter from the system every day.

FREE TRIAL OFFER

If you have never tried Kruschen—try it now at our expense. We have distributed a great many special "GIANT" packages which make it easy for you to prove our claim for yourself. Ask your druggist for the new "GIANT" 75c. package.

This consists of our regular 75c. bottle together with a separate trial bottle—sufficient for about one week. Open the trial bottle first, put it to the test, and then, if not entirely convinced that Kruschen does everything we claim it to do, the regular bottle is still as good as new. Take it back. Your druggist is authorized to return your 75c. immediately and without question. You have tried Kruschen free, at our expense. Why could be fairer? Manufactured by E. Griffiths Hughes, Ltd., Manchester, Eng. (Estab. 1760). Imported McGillivray Bros., Ltd., Toronto.

Some Valuable Information

Well-Dressed Man Must Invest $5,000 Yearly In Clothes

The well-dressed man of 1931 should have a wardrobe worth $5,000, style experts told the Rochester, N.Y., for the 51st annual convention of the International Merchant-Tailors' Designers Association say garments in such a wardrobe would range in price from $160 to $250 each, and would include:

Two tuxedo suits, one full dress suit, one opera cape, one frock coat for afternoon wear, one Chesterfield overcoat, a fitted and loose topcoat, a great coat for motoring, an ulster for bad weather, two knicker suits for golf, two jackets and flannel trouser ensembles, a riding habit, two lounge suits, and nine business suits. None of the latter should be worn more than four times in the same month.

Ice boats often attain a speed of 120 miles an hour.

Was Weak and Run Down
Could Scarcely Do Housework

Mrs. Fred A. Allen, Beaumont, Alta., writes:—"I would like to tell you of the great benefit I have received from your Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I was feeling very much run down in health, and was so weak I could scarcely do my housework, in fact, I would have to lie down in the afternoon for an hour or so. I saw your Pills in the drug store and took a box home with me, and I was delighted with my renewed strength. I have recommended them to a neighbor and feel sure they will help her too."

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

Price 50c a box

Sold by all drug and general stores, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

Keep Foods Deliciously Fresh

Keep your foods—cakes, bread, pies, cut meats, etc.—under a covering of Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper. You'll be amazed at the length of time they'll stay *fresh...delicious!* Para-Sani keeps them from staling. Get Para-Sani in the handy, sanitary knife-edged carton. For less exacting uses ask for Appleford's "Centre Pull" Packs in sheet form.

Appleford Paper Products LIMITED
HAMILTON ONT.

Western Representatives:
HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.

FARM PARTY IS ASSURED FOR SASKATCHEWAN

Saskatoon, Sask.—Saskatchewan is assured of a new Farm Party. By a virtually unanimous decision, United Farmers of Canada (Saskatchewan Section), decided to enter politics. They will seek backing of all citizens in electing candidates on a policy aimed at ultimate social ownership and non-profit production.

Local autonomy was agreed on as a basis of the political move. Constituency conventions will be called when requested by 15 per cent. of U.F.C. local lodges in the constituency to be represented by two constituency-committee members, and the elected member or the candidate and the U.F.C. executive to attend.

Efforts of the new party, whose date of inauguration by convention is at least two months distant, will be directed into provincial and Dominion fields. The step places Saskatchewan, largest wheat province in the Dominion, alongside Alberta in politico-agrarian organization. The Saskatchewan body claims 26,800 members as compared to 18,105 for United Farmers of Alberta. Manitoba's farm-unit is a non-partisan body.

It is necessary, before official inauguration of the movement, to receive ratification from local lodges for a constitutional change removing the U.F.C.'s ban on political alliances. This would take some 60 days.

Platform of the new party will be based on the U.F.C. economic policy approved at the four-day annual convention's second session recently. It includes demands for 100-per-cent. grain pooling; "pegged" grain prices; government price-fixing board; nationalization of currency, credit and natural resources; and province-wide crop insurance.

In addition, the policy program inclided demands for Dominion and provincial debt - adjustment moves. It asked completion and operation of port and elevator facilities at Churchill by next September 1, legislation to make Churchill a free port of entry for all goods, and freight and express rate cuts.

Delegates in favoring political action, wiped from a resolution of the U.F.C. board an stipulation that formation of the new party occur at the refusal of Dominion or provincial administration to put the new-formed economic policy into effect.

The convention's stand is a reversal of the decision at the 1930 meet, when political action was turned down by eight votes and formation of a political body outside the U.F.C. was favored. Officials claim that of three candidates in the last Dominion election pledged to back U.F.C. demands, two were elected — Milton Campbell (Mackenzie), and A. M. Carmichael (Kindersley), both Progressives.

It is considered unlikely that George H. Williams, immediate past president of the U.F.C., will seek the leadership of the farm party if it is formed before spring. He is understood to believe that A. J. MacAulay, elected president of the U.F.C. today, should rather be a candidate for the position.

Backed by Williams, MacAulay was named leader on constitutional grounds, though almost all delegates favored Williams remaining in office beyond his expired two-year term, limit under the constitution. MacAulay, formerly vice-president, maintains a large grain and stock farm at Waseca, Sask. Williams is expected to be a candidate for the presidency at the next convention.

J. F. Herman, Rocanville, was elected vice-president.

Increase In Autos

Ottawa, Ont.—Canada had a motor vehicle for every eight persons in 1930, as compared with one motor vehicle for every 11 people in 1929, according to a report issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics recently. The number of motor cars registered in 1930 was 1,239,889, an increase of 44,295 over the previous year.

Clothing For Needy Families

Ottawa, Ont.—Twenty-one families in the Adanac, Sask., district have been provided with warm clothing through the efforts of the employees of the department of labor here. The bale, which contained 365 articles of clothing, was sent west a few days ago and word has been received here of its distribution among needy persons of the district.

W. N. U. 1879

Northern Trade Route

Insurance Rates To Be Lower Than Expected Out Of Hudson Bay

Ottawa, Ont.—Within the past three weeks there has been a sudden and in many ways completely unexpected interest on the part of Canadian, British and foreign shipping companies in the Hudson Bay route.

Hon. Dr. R. J. Manion, Minister of Railways and Canals, declined to discuss these recent developments. He will make a detail statement in parliament, by which time it seems certain that definite plans and commitments will have been reached which will assure Fort Churchill a striking opening, and ensure the future success of the new trade route.

It is learned authoritatively that several large steamship companies have come forward and declared their intention of placing ships on the new route. This applies to British and foreign shipping. There has been a most remarkable reaction among Canadian ship operators, who see tremendous possibilities in the development of inter-provincial trade. Maritime provinces companies are going to try to develop trade direct with the prairie provinces. British Columbia companies already have completed plans for a trade in lumber, with cargoes of wheat outgoing from Churchill to foreign ports, and a return cargo from foreign ports to Vancouver.

These shipping interests have taken a firm hand in matters of insurance and cargo rates. Lloyd's, of London, England, have been stirred up and it may be announced definitely that the insurance rates out of Churchill will be much lower than hitherto has been expected.

Important Ruling By Alberta Supreme Court

Collection Of Fees Under Dominion Charter Is Illegal

Calgary, Alberta.—Fees assessed by the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council on companies with a Dominion charter cannot be collected, according to judgment of the appellate division of the Supreme Court of Alberta.

The question arose in an action taken by the attorney-general of Alberta against the Royalite Oil Company for collection of a fee imposed by the provincial government through the Lieutenant-Governor-in-Council and under the Alberta Companies Act.

To Oblige the Prince

Revolt In Peru Is Held Off Until Departure Of His Royal Highness

Vina Del Mar, Chile.—Reliable persons reaching here from Peru declared that the revolt in that country was ready to start at the time the Prince of Wales visited Peru only a few days ago, but was held off until the British party had safely left.

The persons who gave the information followed the Prince of Wales' party through Peru and Bolivia. They said that while the Prince of Wales was in Peru a number of officers, who said a revolution was impending, went to the Prince and told him that they would hold it off until he had completed his visit.

Well-Known Geologist Dead

Dr. Robert Stewart, Of Toronto, Had Stirring Career

Toronto, Ont.—Dr. Robert Stewart, well-known geologist and medical practitioner, and an authority on mining in the Hudson Bay district, died here last week.

While associated with the Hudson Bay Company, and the Ontario Bureau of Mines, Dr. Stewart had a stirring career, being twice shipwrecked on Hudson Bay boats, once in the Bay of Ungava, in 1925, and once off the coast of Labrador, in 1927. His last trip to the North was made in 1928. Dr. Stewart was born in Lucknow, Ontario.

Unemployed Make Trouble

Girl and Two Policemen Injured In Toronto

Toronto, Ont.—Two policemen, a ten-year-old girl and a woman were injured when at least 2,000 of Toronto's unemployed gathered at the corner of Spadina Avenue and Dundas Street, in the downtown section, where a proposed unemployment demonstration was to be held.

Seven demonstrators were arrested when stones, bricks, and other missiles were directed at the police, who retaliated by a charge along the thoroughfare.

RUSSIA WOULD TRADE COAL FOR FARM MACHINERY

Montreal.—If Canada will accept $3,350,000 worth of Russian coal in part payment, Russia is willing to purchase her agricultural machinery, the total value of which will amount to $10,000,000, according to a plan which Lieut.-Colonel Herbert J. Mackie, former Conservative member of parliament, stated he had laid before the government at Ottawa, on behalf of the Soviet Government. The balance of the debt would be settled in gold, and the Soviet Government is understood to have expressed its willingness to hold a conference with Canada at which a plan would be formulated for marketing of wheat without dumping.

In the opinion of Col. Mackie some understanding with Russia about the marketing of wheat is expedient. Anticipating the success of the five-year plan and casting an eye on Russia's success in wheat growing up to this time, he seemed impressed with the strength of her position. He feared that unless some agreement were reached with Russia she would undersell Canadians in every market of the world.

As for the opposition against importing Russian coal, Col. Mackie believed that the strongest propaganda had been emanating from American competitors of the Soviet. Russia's purpose is to export anthracite in domestic sizes, a product which could not possibly compete with coal from Nova Scotia. The Russian coal would be in direct competition with the imported American product, Col. Mackie said.

"Canada and Russia must get together on wheat — we must have a conference," said Lt.-Col. Mackie.

"As things are, we bid fair to provoke Russia. At a conference in London, England, with a Canadian trade representative, Saul Bron, the chief Soviet trade delegate to the British Empire, reiterated this plea, and this warning: "Do not put Russia on the defensive." He said it again and again, earnestly, pleadingly.

"I know the seriousness of Bron's statement, possibly better than any other Canadian, for I have made 17 visits to Russia since the revolution, and I know Russia's power to help or hurt my country," to wage economic war or peace.

"High Russian officials have approached Canada through me, asking for a conference. The idea receives the support of the Argentina and Australian government representatives in London, England. Only a few days ago Chairman Legge, of the U.S. Farm Board, said that he could see value, with nothing to lose, in such a conference with Russia.

NOTABLE STATESMAN

Sir Laming Worthington Evans, 62, secretary of war in the last Conservative government of Great Britain, who died February 13, had a distinguished political career and was one of the mainstays in the high councils of the Conservative party. As a great lawyer he will be remembered by Canadians principally as the London solicitor appointed by the English courts to realize assets of the British America Company, the London Globe, and other Whittaker Wright concerns after the great financial smash in 1801.

Sign Wheat Agreement

Sixteen European Nations Sign On Disposal Of Wheat Stocks

Paris, France.—At the French foreign office, 16 European nations signed the final act for the disposal of the wheat stocks of the central and European states. Russia was not invited to the conference. Russian wheat, therefore, was not included.

The signatory states are Germany, Austria, Bulgaria, Esthonia, Finland, France, Greece, Hungary, Italy, Latvia, Poland, Lithuania, Rumania, Switzerland, Czechoslovakia, and Yugo-Slavia. Seven persons did not sign. They are Britain, the Irish Free State, Belgium, Denmark, Spain, the Netherlands, and Sweden.

Well Supplies Boiling Water

Vimy, Alberta.—Leo Chaput, farmer of this district, is taking things easy these days. Not for him is the worry of boiling water with which to brew his favorite cup of tea, for shaving water or the long-deferred *ablution. He recently tapped a well that supplies him with ready boiled* water all the time. Mr. Chaput has sent two bottle of the water to the University of Alberta for analysis.

Report Is Denied

Ottawa, Ont.—"No fixed discount from list prices has so far been placed for duty purposes on books imported into Canada from the United States for sale." This was the statement made at the Department of National Revenue in referring to a report that a fixed discount of 40 per cent. was to be applied generally on books imported from the United States, effective April 1.

ROYAL BROTHERS AT GOLF

The Prince of Wales and his brother, Prince George, are here seen on the golf links at Panama, C.Z., during a round when they made a short stay at the Canal Zone city on their way south to the Argentine exposition. Note the Prince of Wales' double-decker hat which he uses as guard against the sun.

Women Mushers Staging Race For Championship

One Of Feature Attractions At The Pas Dog Derby

Winnipeg, Man.—A duel over the snow-swept trails of Northern Manitoba to settle the title of woman dog mushing champion of the world, with a side bet of $1,000, promises to be one of the feature attractions of dog derby week at The Pas as a result of developments, announced by A. E. Warren, vice-president Canadian National Railways, patron of the northern classic. Early this winter Miss Thula Geelan, girl musher from McCall, Idaho, recognized as the leading musher in the western states, challenged Mrs. E. P. Ricker, of Poland Springs, Maine, to a 25-mile dog race for the mushing championship of the fair sex. She asked for a side bet of $1,000 to be posted before the race. The contest would take place over a course here selected by the dog derby committee.

The dog derby committee of The Pas has received a wire from Mrs. Ricker accepting the challenge. Both women are expected to take part in the 200-mile dog race from The Pas to Flin Flon and return starting March 20. Miss Ida Carriere, another woman entry, is also training over northern trails for the long race.

Three of the northland's most famous mushers, St. Godard, Earl Brydges and "Shorty" Russick, left Winnipeg via Canadian National Railways for The Pas, Man., where they will whip their dogs into shape for the gruelling 200-mile race.

SEA HARBOR FOR PRAIRIES TO OPEN SOON

Winnipeg, Man.—In a few weeks workmen will toil again at Churchill. They will start the last six-month lap on a job that is to give the northern harbor a 2,500,000-bushel grain elevator with the second largest warehouse in the world.

Storage will mean but little to the sprawling bins ranged along the south shore of the rock-girt harbor at the end of the Hudson Bay Railway. But ability to handle grain — to dump cars, to clean, weigh and separate the grain, to run it out to *ships — will be a paramount necessity for the elevator at the port* with a winter-shortened season.

Long ships will be a paramount necessity for the elevator at the port with a winter-shortened season.

Some 500,000 bushels daily may pour through the varied processes of the Churchill elevator's warehouse when work is completed in the middle of next September. Another 1,000,000 bushel Pool Elevator Number Seven, at Port Arthur, will be able to handle grain more rapidly than the terminal "north of 58." If the Churchill plant is ever pressed to capacity the route will be a success.

About 750,000 bushels of wheat will be rushed overseas this fall between the time the elevator is ready September 15 and the close of navigation on the Bay, according to the promise of Dominion authorities. Some organizations in the west are pressing for a shipment of as much as 5,000,000 bushels this fall, but it is understood from reliable sources that such a flow of grain in the brief available time would tie up dock work in progress and threaten the efficiency of elevator and dock facilities.

At the present moment, groundwork on the elevator is completed to the first floor. In late March it is expected construction of the power house will commence alongside the elevator. In May, concrete pouring begins on the elevator and the warehouse, from the ground floor upwards. Work on shipping galleries, too, must be hurried in order to have them ready for the restricted shipping of this fall.

Across the harbor from the historic Fort Prince of Wales, the new elevator will reach out 500 feet along the shore line and tower 200 feet against the north's grey sky. Close by are the terminal yards of the Hudson Bay road, which rolls northward over 500 miles of muskeg country from The Pas, itself on Manitoba's frontier.

All Canada will be watching when the mechanism of Churchill's port moves into real action this fall — more than 300 years after the Dane, Jans Munck, first eased his boat into the mouth of the Churchill River to spend the tragic winter that cost the lives of all but three of his 64-man expedition. This fall comes the test of Canada's greatest experiment for many a year—the building of a sea harbor for the prairies.

RECOVERY NOW INDICATED IN EMPLOYMENT

Ottawa, Ont.—Although the number of persons employed by Canadian firms reporting to the government at the beginning of February was less than at the same date in the preceding three years, it was greater than in any earlier year since 1921. Returns have been received by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics from 7,431 firms. These show pay rolls aggregating 904,315 persons on February 1, as compared with 913,080 on the first of January, just one month previous.

The bureau reports that important recovery was shown in the employment returns received from manufacturing firms, especially those engaged in the textile and the iron and steel industries. Improvement was also shown in railway construction and in shipping and stevedoring. On the other hand appreciable declines were noted in highway and building construction, in trade, mining and logging. These contractions, it is stated, were, in many cases, of a seasonal character.

The trend of employment, it is reported, was upward in Montreal, Ottawa, Hamilton, Windsor, and the adjacent border cities, and Vancouver. Quebec City, Toronto and Winnipeg reported reductions.

The bureau makes the following report on employment by economic areas:

Prairie provinces: Employment in the prairie provinces has shown a contraction at the beginning of February in most years of the record, but the falling-off reported by the firms making returns on February 1, 1931, involved a larger proportion of the aggregate payroll than has been the case in the last few years. Statements were tabulated from 1,102 employers, whose staffs declined by 6,666 persons to 121,151 on February 1. Logging was more active, and railway construction also showed improvement but manufacturing, mining communications and transportation reported considerable curtailment.

British Columbia: There was a moderate contraction in employment at the beginning of February; *this was chiefly due to the close seasons in the logging and sawmilling industries, while manufacturing, and building, and railway construction were rather busier.* The working forces of the 744 reporting firms aggregated 79,393, a decrease of 459 persons as compared with their January 1 staffs. A slight improvement had been indicated on February 1, 1930, and the index was then a few points higher.

May Amend Mining Act

Ontario Introductory Bill To Bar Speculators In Townsites

Toronto, Ont.—Speculators who rush into mining areas and avail themselves of the privilege of filing on claims which they hope to develop into townsites, hot-dog stands, or barber shops will be frustrated in future under the provisions of the bill to amend the Mining Act, introduced into the Ontario legislature by Hon. Charles McCrae. All claims must be developed as mines and not as real estate speculations under the amendments planned.

Win Cavalry Cup

Manitoba Mounted Rifles, Portage la Prairie, Awarded Honor

Ottawa, Ont.—Manitoba Mounted Rifles, Portage la Prairie, won the Canadian Cavalry Association's signaller-challenge cup with a score of 5,536 points out of a possible 5,777, it was announced here recently. Eighth Princess Louise Hussars, New Brunswick, came second with 4,246 points.

Oxford Rifles, Woodstock, Ontario, won the Infantry Signallers' competition with 5,656 points.

Seeking Pensions For Blind

Manitoba Asking Federal Government To Finance Scheme

Winnipeg, Man.—Dominion parliament is called upon to implement a pension scheme for blind persons in a resolution adopted in the Manitoba Legislature.

The resolution was sponsored by William Ivens, Labor member for Winnipeg. The pensions for the blind would be financed in whole or in part by the federal government.

Sunlight

Rays Of the Sun's Light Are Essential For Our Health

(By John Burke Ingram)

In this week's health article I have an amazing fact to tell you. Most of us have come to know that sunlight is good for the health. Possibly few of us know, however, that rays of the sun's light which we need for our health are dark rays. When I say that, I mean that when they reach our eye they do not produce a sensation of light.

This is so, because just as the ear can respond only to certain sounds (everyone who has gone to high school knows that there are sounds too high and sounds too low for the ear to hear), so some vibrations of light have some too great, and others too small a frequency to be detected by the eye.

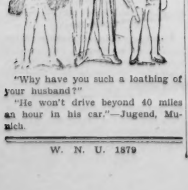
These invisible light vibrations are known as ultra-violet rays, and it is these rays which we need for our health sake.

Here is what happens when they fall upon our skin. In the first place we tan. That happens because certain chemical re-actions are caused by this particular part of sunlight in the tissues of the body. This reaction produces what is known as "Vitamin D." You have all heard of vitamins. "Vitamin D" is the thing which our bodies must have if we are to have strong properly made bones. Especially interesting and important in this connection and most particularly to people who do not live in the tropics, where the sun's rays blaze down so fiercely, is the fact that the disease known as rickets is caused by a deficiency of sunlight. In a pamphlet issued by the Department of Health, of Canada, it is stated that the Canadian baby often suffers from this disease. It begins soon after birth and may not be noticed in infancy or childhood, and yet may do harm all through life. Perhaps you will never know that the baby has rickets until he starts to walk. You think that his legs will be straight and strong like yours and now you see that they are crooked. Doctors have found out that most babies living in cold or temperate climates have rickets. Some have it slightly and some have it severely. This disease generally means late teething, late standing, late walking, weak bones, bow-legs, perhaps a crooked spine or deformed bones. **The child may begin to walk and then stop walking. Children that have slight or severe rickets do not grow well or thrive well. They are often backward at school.** Their teeth are soft and often decayed. The nervous system is diseased and most of the organs of the body are affected. Children who have rickets, even slightly, are more likely than other children to take colds, bronchitis, convulsions, pneumonia, and other diseases. They often have adenoids and enlarged tonsils. Any disease which they take is more serious to children with rickets than it is to other children.

So now you see why it is important that the sun shines on your babies, your growing children and yourself, but it is not enough to know this. There are some things which must further be impressed upon the mind. The ultra-violet rays of sunlight will not penetrate ordinary window glass. This means that the sunlight which comes into your home through ordinary windows does not carry these health-saving rays. Therefor you must let the sunlight fall directly upon the skin. The ultra-violet rays of sunlight do "Not" penetrate clothing, even the flimsiest clothing. Let me again emphasize the fact that the rays of the sun must fall directly upon the skin. Therefore put the baby outside in the sun as soon as you can. Winter babies if thriving may go out of doors at about six or eight weeks of age at noon when sun shines and when it is not too cold. Always take very careful precaution to ensure warmth and comfort. Never let the baby get chilled and always shelter him from the wind.

Keep the baby out of doors a good deal even in the winter time as long as he is warm and sheltered. Sunlight should be permitted to fall upon his face. Do not, however, subject a child to too much sunlight at once. Start with ten minute exposures and increase these by five minutes a day until the youngster gets a sun bath of an hour or more at a time between eleven o'clock in the morning and one o'clock in the afternoon. In warm weather the surface area of the skin exposed to the sun may be gradually increased. Tanning is a good sign, but painful sunburn should be avoided.

We have some substitutes for sunlight. That is to say some things which produce "Vitamin D." The first and most important of these is Cod Liver Oil, and physicians agree that children in northern climates should be given cod liver oil regularly in the winter time. Another is the Violet Ray lamp. Some of these not sponsored by reliable companies are quite valueless. In purchasing one the advice of your physician should be secured as to its merits, and the advice of your physician should also be followed regarding the length of time of exposure to its rays.



"Why have you such a loathing of your husband?"

"He won't drive beyond 40 miles an hour in his car."—Jugend, Munich.

Canada Has Finest Fish

Most Valuable and Most Diversified Fisheries Of the World

"Canada has the most valuable and most diversified fisheries in the world, and properly conserved the future of the fishing industry is assured," Hon. E. N. Rhodes, Dominion Minister of Fisheries, former premier of Nova Scotia, stated recently.

"I think we have the finest oysters in the world too—finer than the American oyster," said the minister. "With most commodities today, the problem is marketing. This is more true of the fishing industry than any other industry I know. We are dealing with a delicate food, a product that must reach the market in a first class condition.

"If we can increase the Canadian market alone by ten pounds of fish per head per year, it will spell the difference between mere existence and prosperity for the fish industry. Immediate object we have in mind is interesting the Canadian public in greater fish consumption."

Mr. Rhodes stated that a fish survey of Canada and the world was being conducted, and that the report would be ready next August.

Taking No Chances

Noted Blacksmith Keeps Anvil-Altar Always With Him

Richard Rennison, the marriage-making blacksmith of Gretna Green, Dumfries, Scotland, made his first visit to London a few weeks ago and was so afraid that someone would steal his anvil-altar that he took it along with him.

On his first sightseeing trip he left the anvil at his hotel, but he was so nervous for its safety that thereafter he took it with him wherever he went. The London Mirror said that although the anvil weighed 240 pounds he was able to carry it to and from his taxi, and up and down subway escalators without distress.

He was greatly impressed with London. "But Gretna Green is best," he said, "there is more romance there than in all London." He has married more than 90 couples.

Making Life Interesting

Average Person Gets Thrill Out Of Doing Worth-While Things

Young people like to be doing things. A keen student of youth has said that the average young person gets a far greater thrill out of hewing his own pathway through the world than in rolling along in a luxurious car over a roadway that other hands have prepared. But, after all, no one can wholly remove from us all responsibility or fight all our battles for us. Nobody has a right to find life uninteresting or unrewarding who sees within the sphere of his own activity a wrong he can help to remedy, or within himself an evil he can hope to overcome.

The apartment house idea has been successfully applied to chicken housing problems by an ingenious poultry farmer who had only a backyard in which to raise 3,000 chickens.

Panels of glass brick are used in the tower of a New York City apartment building.

Sir Isaac Newton named the colors of the spectrum about sixty years ago.

Tug-of-war is now one of the most popular sports in Italy.

UNIQUE AND COLORFUL

A unique and colorful costume for the young miss. It is of black, white and pink gingham with a white pique. The coat has hand-embroidered scallop edges, and the hat, of pique, is treated in the same manner — exclusive.—Associated Press Photo.

Earthquake Waves

Waves Shown To Be Of Two Distinct Varieties

Earthquake vibrations, or waves, as recorded at the Dominion Observatory, Department of the Interior, Ottawa, are of four kinds. Waves of two distinct varieties travel along the surface of the earth, penetrating to a depth of only a few miles, and carry with them information about the surface layer through which they have passed. Of even greater interest, however, are the waves which pass through the interior of the earth. They are also of two kinds, known as longitudinal and transverse. The longitudinal waves can pass through gases, liquids or solids, but the transverse vibrations can be propagated through a solid medium only.

Diary Of a College Graduate

June 23, 1930—Graduated today.

June 28, 1930—Looked for a $10,000 job.

July 20, 1930—Looked for a job at $100 a week.

August 9, 1930—Looked for any kind of job.

September 2, 1930—Still looking.

September 23, 1930—Went to work for my uncle for $75 a month.

When aluminum was still regarded as a rare and expensive metal it was called "silver of clay."

People are like money—keep them busy or they'll lose interest.

Health Insurance Plan

British Columbia May Decide To Inaugurate System

State health insurance, with the cost of medical services for the people of British Columbia figured out at about $1.50 per family, will be a recommendation of the Royal Commission on state health insurance.

The information came out in the meeting of the committee on agriculture when Dr. J. J. Gillis, Liberal, of Yale, and a member of the Royal Commission, made reference to the findings of the body, when one of the resolutions of the farmers' institute was being taken up. It concerned travelling clinics and more community nurses for rural districts, to prevent loss of life or permanent injury, which frequently results from lack of skilled aid in many communities of central British Columbia and elsewhere.

The establishment of travelling clinics was another recommendation of the Royal Commission, Dr. Gillis said, and the cost of families over the province, according to their report, was fixed at from $1.50 to $1.80. The report of the commission is expected to be brought before the legislature during the next session.

Hatchery Approval Grows

Number Of Commercial Hatcheries Have Entered Under Scheme

Having its third year in operation the Hatchery Approval Policy of the Dominion Department of Agriculture shows a record expansion in the number of commercial hatcheries entered under the scheme. In 1929 there were 18 hatcheries entered in approval and in 1930 the number was 48. The total this year stands at 109, an increase of 61 for the hatching season of 1931. It is from these hatcheries alone that approved flocks are supplied. Their product is known and sold as "Approved" because of strict government supervision from the flock producing the eggs which supply the hatcheries to the baby chicks delivered to the farmer.

Grief Kills Ancient Servitor

Could Not Survive Sale Of Master's Family Treasures

Grief over sale of the family effects of Gliencke Castle, at Potsdam, Germany, was believed to have killed Conrad Meidel, 84, Prince Friedrich Leopold Hohenzollern's faithful major-domo for 56 years.

The ancient servitor was heard recently to say he could not survive the "plebeian treatment" of the princely furnishings, to each piece of which he was deeply attached. Heart-broken at the sale, he took to his bed and died.

British Columbia Apples

Committee of direction figures on apple shipments from the Okanagan from the 1930 crop, up to January 31st, show 2,174,458 boxes having been shipped to the Canadian markets, compared with 2,013,003 boxes for the similar period of the previous year.

VISITS HOOVER AT WHITE HOUSE

Hon. Hugh Guthrie (left), Minister of Justice of Canada, with Hume Wrong, Charge d'Affaires at the Canadian legation at Washington, D.C., upon the former's visit recently to White House to pay his respects to President Hoover and his attendance at the eleventh annual banquet of the Federal Bar Association.

A Creature Of Habit

Horses Adapt Themselves Slowly To New Conditions and Change Of Feed

The horse has been described by a prominent authority as a creature of habit and there is probably no point which should be kept more carefully in mind in connection with this farm animal than the fact that he adapts himself slowly to a change, whether it be his living or working conditions or more particularly a change in the accustomed routine of his feed.

Few of us expect to take a team out in the spring and subject them to a full days' work such as might have been expected of them at the close of the fall plowing season. There are two reasons for this, the first one being that the muscles require hardening up, and the second one, though not so generally recognized, is that it takes the horse some few days to adapt himself generally to the new conditions following a winter in the stable.

But much as we recognize the fact that it takes a horse some little time to make adaptations to changes of a physical nature we are often inclined to forget that it is even more important to make gradual changes in the feed rations of the horse because of this peculiar objection to change of any sudden nature. The hay runs low in another month or so and without warning we increase the grain and shift to oat straw; the season for spring work approaches and another change is made back to hay. Few of us realize that the peculiar nature of the horse makes such changes quite as detrimental, as a full day of plowing on the first spring day out of the stable.

We would not be farmers if we did not have to change feed allowances from time to time and there are a wide variety of farm feeds which the horse can use to advantage, but the changes should be made gradually. More than one feed has been condemned by a farmer as a feed for horses simply because he thought Dobbin should become accustomed to it on the first day.

Tree Has Many Uses

Paw-Paw Trees Furnish Food, Medicine, and Soap

Papuya, or paw-paw trees, which grow in the tropical jungles of South America, are put to various uses. They are versatile in that they furnish food, medicine and soap. The Field Museum of Natural History, in Chicago, which has one of these trees in its botany exhibit, states emphatically that the tree is not to be regarded as a link between the animal and vegetable worlds. The tropical paw-paw tree is described as an odd-looking affair, tapering from the base of the stem to a height of about twenty feet. It exudes a peculiar juice which, rubbed on meat will make the toughest beefsteak as tender as venison. The natives living in the districts where paw-paw tree abounds use the juice for this purpose. The juice is an acrid, milky substance and has medicinal value. The seeds are used as an effective vermifuge or worm destroyer. Furthermore, the tree has a delicious fruit. It is large, pulpy, oblong in shape, and has a heavy rind.

Growing Beautiful Flowers

Amateur Gardener Should Get Full Information On the Subject

This is the time of the year when the interest of the amateur gardener turns to the seed catalogue with its attractive and amazing variety of colour-plate displays of beautiful flowers in all the glorious beauty of full bloom, but there is a world of difference between the attractive display of the coloured plate and the result one gets in the garden. That is why anyone contemplating investment in a flower garden this year should take the trouble to get the report of the Dominion Experimental Farm or Station serving his district. Horticulture in all its varying phases is a specialty with this branch of the Department of Agriculture. Valuable information as to the adaptability of varieties, their ability to thrive under local conditions, and the best methods of cultivation, are points dealt with in these reports. It would also be well to have the report of the Dominion Horticulturist. These are available without charge on application to the Publication Branch of the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa.

Winnipeg Building Permits

According to H. P. Crabb, president of the Winnipeg Real Estate Board, Winnipeg, building permits, although lower in 1930 than in 1929, maintained the average for the past five years.

Would Boost Wheat Sales

Mayor Webb, Of Winnipeg, Finds New Method Of Disposing Of Surplus Wheat

New fields of consumption for Canadian wheat are being probed by Mayor Ralph Webb, of Winnipeg. In a recent statement his worship declared that he had taken steps to return to Canada the unleavened bread industry, now practically controlled by United States.

"From 500,000 to 550,000 bushels of wheat are used in United States every year for the manufacture of unleavened bread," Mayor Webb stated. "Canada's wheat is every bit as good and the opening of, this new field would be a great benefit in relieving the present wheat congestion in the Dominion."

Mayor Webb stated that he had informed Hon. Robert Weir, Minister of Agriculture, of the great possibilities in the manufacture of unleavened bread. The mayor told Mr. Weir that United States at present was manufacturing this bread from their own wheat and then shipping it into Canada for consumption.

"It would aid the farmer," Mayor Webb stated, "if the manufacture of unleavened bread from Canadian wheat could be instituted in the Dominion." He added that Mr. Weir had promised investigation of this new industry with the view of commencing operations in the Dominion.

The Winnipeg mayor added that he had stumbled upon this subject quite unexpectedly. In the city of Winnipeg, he continued, a plant for the manufacture of this bread was under construction and it was his aim to obtain all the protection possible from the government for this Canadian industry. Years ago a factory was built in Toronto, he said, but a Cincinnati, Ohio, concern had purchased the Toronto plant, which was now closed, while the Cincinnati firm was operating in the American city, manufacturing on a large scale.

Manufacture of unleavened bread within the Dominion from Canadian wheat would mean a new channel for consumption for more than 550,000 bushels yearly, Mayor Webb concluded.

Transfer Of Live Salmon

Adult Salmon Have Been Successfully Removed From One Stream To Another

The problem of stocking spawning areas in British Columbia which have become depleted through the construction of dams and other works connected with hydro-electric development has been tackled in a novel and highly successful manner by the Fish Culture Division of the Dominion Department of Fisheries. One thousand six hundred and ninety-one adult sockeye salmon were taken at the mouth of Adams River, placed in tanks and pontoons, and transferred to Scotch Creek. Not a single fish died during the transfer, and all on entering Scotch Creek straightway headed for the upper reaches to complete process of reproduction. It is expected that the successive runs of adult fish will build up a stock in those waters.

States Government Policy

The provincial government accepts responsibility of formulating a policy regarding registration at the University of British Columbia and requests that no more students be enrolled than the buildings can accommodate with efficiency. Hon. Joshua Hinchcliffe, Minister of Education, stated before the university senate at a conference.

Dull Paint Lasts Longest

Dull paints last longer than glossy ones, the Toronto Paint and Varnish Club was told recently by Glenn H. Pickard, of Chicago, consulting chemist and paint expert. Pickard explained that higher concentration of pigment volume in paint decreases its oil content, which determines its life.

"Only let out three days ago and I find you back for six weeks?"

"Yes, just for a little convalescence."—Lustige Sachse, Leipzig.

Use Of Fertilizers Throughout Western Canada Would Greatly Increase Production

That the use of phosphatic fertilizers throughout Western Canada would increase the acreage yield and would lower the cost of production sufficiently to enable Canadian farmers to better compete with low grain prices on the world market, was the statement made at Moose Jaw by Dr. Ray Neidig, of the Consolidated Mining Conference of the Moose Jaw Agricultural Society, held in the Grant Hall Hotel.

Dr. Neidig was explaining the results of experiments made throughout the prairie provinces during the past four years, to establish the feasibility of using phosphatic fertilizers in increasing the grain yield and promoting early maturity and to illustrate his points, showed actual pictures of fields in the three provinces where the new fertilizer had been used successfully.

Thomas Teare, president of the local agricultural society, presided over the dinner meeting, which was largely attended, while a short address was also given by J. C. Mitchell, Dahinda, former world's "wheat king," who told briefly of personal experiences with the new phosphatic fertilizer, and his belief that it would be a practical boon to Western farmers.

In his opening remarks, Dr. Neidig stated that concentrated experimentation over a period of four years had proved conclusively that when the new fertilizer was drilled in with the grain at the time of seeding, it resulted in earlier maturity and more rapid growth of the plant, while the yield was increased appreciably. Over 400 Saskatchewan farmers had cooperated with the provincial department of agriculture in making trials with the new fertilizer, he stated further, and it was proved that to be effective with grain crops, must be drilled in with the seed.

Showing slides, the speaker pointed out that not only would the loss of crops be avoided but the quality of the grain would be retained. The fertilizer had been used with effect on hay lands and various grass crops, while in Southern Alberta it had been used to advantage on sugar beet crops where it had increased the yield from two to seven tons per acre, and had slightly raised the sugar content, besides maturing the crop from five to seven days earlier than normally.

"So when we realize the interdependence of plant nutritious soils and climatic relationships," he concluded. "We can better understand why the drilling in of small quantities of phosphate with our seed will bring about such remarkable increases in the yield of our crops and their earlier maturity.

Demand For Mutton

Domestic Market Is Increasing According To Latest Figures

In 1927, Canada's consumption of sheep and lambs stood at 6.09 pounds per capita per annum, and by 1930, this had increased to 7.10 pounds. This increase of one per cent., roughly, is seemingly small, but, as pointed out in a circular letter of the Canadian Co-Operative Wool Growers, Limited, it is really impressive. "With our present population of about ten million people the one pound increase represents 10,000,000 pounds or about 300,000 animals or eight per cent. of our total sheep population."

Canadian Potatoes

The total potato production for Canada in 1929 amounted to 39,930,000 cwt., and the onion crop for the same year 590,600 cwt.

"You had leave yesterday afternoon to go to see your doctor, and an hour afterwards I saw you in a cafe with a man, playing cards."

"That was my doctor."—Hummel, Hamburg.

A New Food Product

Experiments Now Under Way To Manufacture Honey-Butter

One of the most interesting announcements in the field of agricultural research and endeavor comes in a recent account of experimental work now under way with the object of combining honey and butter into a food product called honey-butter. This work is now engaging several workers in dairy and honey research and definite results have already been obtained in the direction of producing such a commodity.

The idea, which by the way is Canadian in its origin, is to bring to the market a product which will be used for sandwich and picnic purposes with very definite possibilities of becoming a standard household article. The term honey-butter certainly has a tasty sound about it if this is to be any criterion.

An interesting speculation in connection with this piece of work is in connection with the age old combination of milk and honey as a description of lands of unusual fertility and verdure. Milk and honey have become symbolic of much that is good and their value as nutrients has never been questioned. The combining of honey with the most famous product of milk should certainly give rise to a product of unusual food qualities.

From the standpoint of the beekeeper as well as the dairyman, the establishment of such a commodity should also lead to an increased consumption and wider markets. Honey-producers have been endeavoring for many years to get a wider recognition and use of honey as a food and the turning of a considerable portion of the surplus into the manufacture of honey-butter would probably mean more to this industry than many years of publicity.

We shall be watching with interest for the appearance of this food on the market and let us hope that it proves as palatable as the ingredients would indicate.

Story Of Lost Mine

Reported Discovery Of Gold and Platinum In Alberta Foothills Has Lost "Leman mine" been rediscovered.

The reported discovery of gold and platinum in the Livingstone range in the Alberta foothills country just south of Turner Valley oil field, has revived the saga of the legendary "lost mine."

Told by old-timers of the district, the story is that a man by the name of Leman discovered a rich white gold mine somewhere west of Nanton in 1870. He was aided, it was said, by friendly Indians.

Following the discovery Leman returned to Idaho to bring his wife and family to Alberta, but on the return journey all met death, either by an Indian attack or drowning. White men could never locate the mine, and the Indians alone knew its secret.

Today with the report of a rich find the pioneers of the district recalled the early day legend.

More than 100 claims have been staked in the area, which is 100 miles northwest of Lethbridge.

After 15 years' search, two prospectors of Stavely, Alberta, made the discovery of the gold and platinum bearing veins, and scores have gone into the Livingstone region.

A Worth-While Invention

Written words may be sent over a telephone line by use of an attachement devised by German telephone engineers, who now are testing it. Should the listener have difficulty in understanding a spoken word he asks the speaker to spell it, and it appears before the listener in writing. German long distance lines are expected to first use the attachment.

Goat Raising In B.C.

Interest in goat raising continues at a high point in British Columbia. During last year five herds were entered in the record of performance test for goats, ten head having qualified. The highest test was made by a Nubian doe, "Shirley Rona"—296—owned by Harold G. Morson, of New Westminster, whose milk yield was 2,595 pounds and butter fat 132.4 pounds.

Insurance statistics show that the life expectancy of a boy who lives in the country is seven years greater than that of the city boy.

DANCES WITH PRINCE OF WALES

Miss Betty Gardner, of Brockville, Ont., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Gill Gardner, who was the Prince of Wales' partner for four dances during his recent visit to Kingston, Jamaica, on his trip south to the Argentine. Miss Gardner's father is a director of the hotel at Kingston.

Where Four States Meet

Only One Spot Where Four Boundaries Ttouch Same Point

At one place in the United States it is possible to stand with the heel of the right foot in one state, with the toe of the right foot in another, with the left heel in a third and the toe of the same shoe in a fourth state. "This unque spot is where the boundaries of Colorado, Utah, Arizona and New Mexico meet. It is the only place in the country where four states meet at the same point.

The Soy Bean

Will Sow 20 Acrese Of Land In Manitoba With Soy Bean As An Experiment

A special sub-committee of the agricultural committee of the Winnipeg Board of Trade is arranging for the sowing of 20 acres of land with the soy bean, as an experiment. The oils and fats derived from the soy bean are used extensively in industry, while the residue makes a valuable feed for cattle. Hence the effort to produce the bean locally.

FASHION

No. 964—Practical Model. This style is designed in sizes 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires 3¼ yards of 39-inch material with ⅝ yard of 35-inch contrasting.

No. 926—Slenderizing Silhouette. This style is designed in sizes 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46 and 48 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires 3¼ yards of 39-inch material with ⅝ yard of 35-inch contrasting.

No. 155—Decidedly Chic. This style is designed in sizes 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires 3⅞ yards of 39-inch material with ½ yard of 39-inch contrasting.

No. 622—Youthful Jumper Frock. This style is designed in sizes 8, 10, 12, 14 and 16 years. Size 8 requires 1⅞ yards of 39-inch material with ⅝ yard of 35-inch contrasting and ⅛ yard of 35-inch lining.

No. 490—For Playtime. This style is designed in sizes 1, 2, 4 and 6 years. Size 4 requires 1⅝ yards of 39-inch material.

Send 25 cents (in stamps or coin) to Fashion Bureau. Write carefully and plainly your name and full address, the number of the pattern and the size you want.

How To Order Patterns

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Town .....

Revolving Loan Plan To Aid Western Canada Farmers Is Outlined By C.P.R. President

Proposals in connection with the organization and operation of the Dominion government's $5,000,000 revolving loan fund to aid Western Canada farmers were outlined by E. W. Beatty, K.C., president of the Canadian Pacific Railways. Mr. Beatty was first proponent of the idea, definitely announced by Premier R. B. Bennett at Regina, December 30.

The railway head offered two major suggestions for officials named to handle the fund, which has been placed in the hands of the newly-chartered Dominion Agricultural Credit Corporation. No burden of handling charges should be imposed on the farmer, he thought, and the safety of the investment must be assured.

"The policy must be operated in such a way," he said, "so as not to impose a burden on the farmer in the matter of handling charges, interest, etc., but rather to provide him with a greater stability in earning power at the very minimum of cost. It must also insure the safety of the investment so that the capital of the loan corporation is not impaired."

He reiterated his belief, first declared at London, Ont., last December, that the plan would "improve conditions under which farm operations are carried on in those districts where its credits can be properly used."

In some particulars, Mr. Beatty thought, the credit body should function similarly to administrators of the "Minnesota plan." He thought it "might be advisable" to adopt the United States minimum and maximum loan clause. This would set loans at $200 to $1,000. "However," he added, "I would not favor the granting of the maximum amount except under special circumstances."

Length of time for which the loans are made also might be adopted from the "Minnesota plan," the C.P.R. president said. Under this three-year plan, the farmer would pay back 30 per cent. of his loan after the first year, 30 per cent. after the second and the balance after the third year.

Mr. Beatty asserted the loan plan here would be operated under vastly *different conditions than when it met with "amazing success" in Minnesota.* "It will be well to remember," he said, "that their record in the matter of repayment of loans has been achieved in the period when prices and other conditions were comparatively good, that they have a great advantage over this country in the matter of population and, therefore, of consumers, and that greater difficulty may be experienced under more adverse conditions.

"This," he added, "suggests the advisability of some conservatism in the extension of credit at the outset at least." Greater safety in the operation of the loan scheme would be achieved through numerous relatively small loans and, though he said it was not yet possible to estimate cost of managing the credit corporation, "it should be urged that all possible avenues be explored with a view to establishing credit facilities at a rate of interest not to exceed six per cent." said the C.P.R. president. He stressed that the plan is not expected to "work miracles" for the farmers.

"The central idea of the plan should be to seek to develop in favorable communities on the basis of some diversity in livestock, which under different conditions might include two to five cows, one or two sows, 25 to 100 hens and, wherever possible, 20 to 50 ewes per individual farm.

Because most of the people of China cannot afford to buy milk regularly it often is consumed as a medicine or tonic.

"Now you are rich, doctor you do not bother about your patients?"

"You see, I have adopted the system of 'live and let live.'"—Gutierrez, Madrid.

A Contribution From Bees

Manitoba Gives Indications Of Becoming the Leading Producer In Canada

The busy little bee in his humble and humming way is contributing his bit to the productive wealth of Canada.

Beekeeping has been advancing with great rapidity in the Dominion, and honey production has become an industry of no mean importance. It is only within recent years, however, that it has developed from being more or less of a hobby into a profitable adjunct to other lines of agricultural endeavour and in many cases is the chief source of revenue.

Prior to 1921, Ontario and Quebec were the only provinces producing a surplus of honey. This surplus found a ready market in the other parts of the Dominion, especially in Western Canada. At that time honey was produced on a comparatively small scale in the Maritime Provinces, in Manitoba, and in British Columbia, while in Saskatchewan and Alberta apiaries were few and far between. Today the situation has greatly changed. Not only has production increased in the older provinces, but it has also made phenomenal gain in the Prairie Provinces, so much so that Manitoba now gives indications of becoming the leading producer of honey, for the Manitoba crop during the 1930 season was estimated to be 10,110,128 pounds.

An indication of the growth of beekeeping in Canada is convincingly given by the following figures of honey production in 1926, compared with those for 1930:—In 1926 the total production was 13,769,649 pounds; in 1930 it had increased to 31,169,635 pounds. The most remarkable growth was in Manitoba, where the production rose from 3,522,512 pounds in 1926, to 10,110,128 in 1930. In Alberta the production jumped from 215,000 pounds to 1,578,900 pounds; in Saskatchewan from 170,287 to 685,551, and in Ontario from 5,000,000 to 12,000,000 pounds. Each of the other provinces scored an advance, but not so marked as that for the provinces mentioned.

The total value of the 1930 Canadian honey crop is placed at nearly $4,000,000.

New Egg Storage

Air Is Replaced By Carbon Dioxide Gas In New System

Gas storage, a new development in keeping eggs fresh until the market is ready to absorb them, is interestingly described in the current issue of the News Letter of the Dominion Dairy and Cold Storage Branch at Ottawa. Briefly described, the eggs packed in 15-dozen packages and placed in a metal container known as an Autoclave. When these are placed in the storage compartment the air within the Autoclave is pumped off and replaced by carbon dioxide gas. As a further precaution against the presence of oxygen in or near the eggs the air outside the container is also drawn off and replaced by CO2. Theoretically, and it is proving true in practice, an egg stays fresh directly in proportion to the extent to which it contains CO2, and the two bug-bears of cold storage, mould growth and fungi, can develop only in the presence of oxygen with a humidity of 85 degrees at temperatures of 33 degrees Fahrenheit or over. Owing to the absence of oxygen no mould growth takes place and the egg comes out of storage in a most attractive condition.

Thirsty For Music

"There may be many opinions as to Johannesburg's taste in music," writes a correspondent of The Cape Argus, of Cape Town, "but there can be no doubt of its thirst for it. One can walk from end to end of the shopping centre of the city without ever being out of earshot of one instrument or another. As often as not you will hear them struggling one against the other in a duel of sound."

Double Stars

A considerable proportion of the stars which appear as single to the unaided eye are in reality double, that is, two stars revolving around each other from a common centre of gravity. The secrets of these stars are gradually but surely being unfolded by the Dominion Observatory at Ottawa, and the Dominion Astrophysical Observatory at Victoria.

Czecho-Slovakia now has 350 football fields, and 1,345 tennis courts.

Dead and Run Down RADIO "A" AND AUTO Batteries Instantly Charged

With Self Charge

"SELF-CHARGE" will charge Radio "A" and all Auto Batteries instantly. Batteries that are Dead—Run Down—Lifeless—even batteries discarded as worthless—are filled with Pep —Power—Long Life, easily and in a few minutes' time, reducing your former battery troubles and charging expense to a minimum. Makes new batteries last for years. By simple, sure means can use it. "SELF-CHARGE" preserves and enhances the life of any battery. Works equally well in winter or summer.

The Battery Charging Wonder

Agents!

Make $10.00 to $50.00 Daily

"SELF-CHARGE" sells itself to over 90 per cent. of the battery owners on first demonstration. Why! Because the results are so thoroughly convincing that there is no room for doubt. Be the first in your district. Secure exclusive and protected territory now.

MAIL COUPON TODAY

Stronger Spark — Better Reception

Write To-day for Territory

To introduce "SELF-CHARGE"—if there is no agent in your territory—and prove to you that it will do all we claim for it, we will send you prepaid $6.00 worth of this wonder-worker for $1.50 so as you can treat your own radio or auto battery and convince yourself. This introductory offer applies to one shipment only, and will be withdrawn as agents are appointed.

Write for the exclusive agency for your district and more particulars regarding how you can make big money.

SINCLAIRE INDUSTRIES,
363 Hargrave St., Winnipeg, Man.

Dear Sirs,— "100"

Enclosed find money order for $1.50 for which please send me two boxes of "SELF-CHARGE." One box for my own battery and one I can sell at the regular price of $3.00 per box.

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Catarrh of Nose or Throat

Made more endurable, often benefited by inhaling vapors

VICKS VAPORUB

OVER 17 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Mrs. George Dewey, widow of the hero of Manila Bay, died at her residence in Washington.

The British Columbia Government favors federal rather than provincial control of radio in Canada, is its reply to a query from Ottawa.

Sir Robert Burnett, 79, who was physician to the Marquis of Lorne, when he was Canada's governor-general, is dead.

Appointment of John A. Stiles as chief executive officer of the Boy Scouts Association in Canada, has been announced by the executive committee of that body.

The 18th amendment has been sustained as valid by the Supreme Court. Under the decision the government will continue its efforts to enforce the Volstead law.

Walter Lindrum, the famous Australian billiard player, was summoned to Buckingham Palace to give a demonstration of his skill before the King and Queen.

The conferment by the King of an earldom upon Viscount Willingdon, former governor-general of Canada and viceroy-elect of India, is announced in the Official Gazette.

Sir Alexander Gibb, noted British port authority, has been invited to investigate the technical and business features of the ports of Halifax, St. John, Quebec, Montreal and Vancouver.

"Big Bill" Thompson, invincible as ever, won his fourth mayoral nomination in the Republic primary election in Chicago, defeating by a plurality estimated at 45,000 Judge Joe H. Lyle.

People with the most perfect eyesight may be able to see about 3,000 stars, but the largest telescope yet built shows up about 1,500,000,000.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

COCONUT TRANSPARENT PIE

¾ cup butter.
1 cup sugar.
5 egg yolks.
¼ teaspoon salt.
Grated rind 1 orange or 1 lemon.
1 baked 9-inch pie shell.
2 cups shredded coconut.
3 egg whites.
4 tablespoons sugar.
Dash of salt.

Cream butter, sugar, egg yolks, and salt together very thoroughly for about ten minutes. Add orange rind. Turn into pie shell. Sprinkle with 1 cup coconut, and bake in slow oven (300 degrees Fahrenheit) 30 minutes. Beat egg whites until stiff, add sugar and salt, and beat until mixture stiffens again. Pile lightly on filling. Sprinkle with remaining 1 cup coconut. Bake in moderate oven (350 degrees Fahrenheit) 30 minutes, opening oven door after first 8 minutes of baking period.

SQUASH SOUP

Mix together one cup cold boiled squash that has been pressed through a colander, two tablespoons minced celery, one teaspoon each salt and sugar, one tablespoon onion juice, and a pinch of mace. Melt two tablespoons butter. Add one of flour. Blend with this one quart of milk, adding the first cup very slowly to insure smoothness. Beat until light, the squash and other ingredients that have been mixed with it. Heat rapidly in a saucepan, stirring constantly. When very hot, add slowly the thickened milk, heat thoroughly and serve.

Awarded Trophy

The French section of the International League of Aviators voted the 1930 trophy for outstanding aeronautic accomplishment to Dieudonne Coste and Maurice Bellonte, for their Paris-to-New York flight. A medal of honor was awarded Jean Mermoz, French pilot, who flew to Brazil.

A new cable between Sweden and Germany contains a special line for radio broadcasting.

The Roman Coliseum seated more people than the Yale Bowl, the former accommodating 87,000 people.

Street singers of Brighton, England, now must get permits from the city.

If you want to make economical delicious dishes clip this coupon

EDWARDSBURG

CROWN BRAND CORN SYRUP

This famous Recipe Book contains nearly 200 prize recipes chosen from 75,000 received from all parts of Canada. They are endorsed by one of Canada's foremost food experts. Be sure to enclose 10 cents in stamps or coin to cover mailing costs.

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Would Go With Wilkins

Hundreds Ask To Accompany Explorer On Arctic Trip In Submarine

More than 1,200 applications have come to Sir Hubert Wilkins from persons who want to go with him on his trip this summer under Arctic ice in a submarine.

Sir Hubert, who has been in New York to examine specially constructed lights which will be the "eyes" of the submarine, said "we have to eliminate those seeking to go only for adventure."

Wilkins said the submarine would begin its voyage from Spitzbergen about July 1 and would cross to the Behring Sea, passing the North Pole in its under-ice trip. A crew of about 20 will be taken in the submarine, Sir Hubert said.

Cereal Research Grows

Steady Increase In Cereal Research Carried On By Department Of Agriculture

The report of the Dominion Cerealist, L. H. Newman, B.S.A., for 1929, provides a graphic illustration of the steady increase in cereal research by the Dominion Department of Agriculture. In 1916, the total of plots used in investigational work numbered 2,017. In 1921 this had dropped to only 756. Since 1927, however, there has been a consistant steady expansion in this important work, the total number of plots for 1930 being 15,950. This report, which is now available for distribution, contains a wealth of useful information for those interested in cereal grains.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union

Fashions

(By Eva A. Tingey.)

7331

FOR DAINTY DAUGHTER

All Tingey models are created and sketched in Paris and the patterns are made in New York.

Any little miss would love this wool challis frock. It is French blue overplaided in fine stripes, with plain matching shade used for the yoke, panel front and the cuffs.

It is the cutest thing to make.

Pin tucks at either side of the front and the back are decorative.

To give easy movement, the dress widens into comfortable flared fulness toward the hem.

Other attractive combinations are orchid and white checked gingham with plain orchid, yellow pique with white pique and nile green linen with white linen dotted in green.

This pattern may be obtained in sizes 2 to 6. It is ready for immediate delivery. It is hand cut.

Send 25 cents (in stamps or coin) to Fashion Bureau. Write carefully and plainly your name and full address, the number of the pattern and the size you want.

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Name .....

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Town .....

Japs Angry At Soviets

Feeling against Soviet Russia is rising rapidly in Japan at the report that the Soviet Union has threatened to cancel the Japanese fishery concessions in Siberian waters because of a default by Japan in payment of royalties which were over due.

PILE PAIN

Ends Right Away

"The very first time I used Bonna-Sana it ended the itch and pain of my piles right away. Stopped swelling and bleeding. Piles now gone."—L.T. Sears, Quisket relief known. All druggists.

Marvels Of Marine Life

Fish With "Electric" Power Plants Found In Bermuda Waters

Fleet-finned dragons from over a mile beneath the surface of Bermuda's coastal water, all brilliantly illuminated by their own power plants and never before seen by the folk of our world, are some of the marvels of marine life seen by Dr. William Beebe, who recently returned from his latest expedition to the Nonsuch Island. There he and a staff of fourteen men not only dragged the ocean bottom for exotic specimens of marine life but sought them in a diving bell among the coral reefs.

To obtain close views of the fish inhabiting the deeper blue-black waters, the scientist and his co-worker, Otis Barton, made a record descent of 1,426 feet in a hermatically sealed ball or bathysphere to a point where the pressure on the gauge was approximately 3,100 tons. A new and marvellous world was opened to the scientist when he descended in the bathysphere, for through his circular window of crystal quartz he saw what had been withheld from the human eye since time began.

Darting all about were a thousand lights burning steadily and clear in the inky blackness. These belonged to the illuminating systems of the residents. Some were ranged in rows like the portholes of a steamship, while others burned from filmy antenna far from the body as the fish sought to attract its prey. All continued their glow until dimmed by the rays of the searchlight shot through the window. Then, the fish, until then unseen, took shape.

The work lasted six and a half months and was exceedingly satisfactory, as invaluable data concerning the life and habits of known fish were obtained and scores of specimens wholly new to science were brought from the sea. On his return to New York, Dr. Beebe brought back 150 cases containing various specie of fish found in the Bermuda area.

China has had at least one famine each year for the past 2,000 years.

On COUGHS and COLDS **'BUCKLEY'S'**

Acts like a flash

A SINGLE SIP PROVES IT

BUCKLEY'S MIXTURE 18c

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

MARCH 8

THE GOOD SAMARITAN

Golden Text: "Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself."—Leviticus 19. 18.

Lesson: Luke 10.25-37.

Devotional Reading: Matthew 5. 38-48.

Explanations and Comments

The Law Of Love To God and Man, verses 25-28.—One time a scribe, an expert student and expounder of Hebrew law, sought to test Jesus by asking him a hard question. "What shall I do to inherit eternal life?" he queried, and by this he meant What acts, such as fasts and prayers and sacrifices, would have special merit and would therefore be rewarded by life eternal? "What is written in the law? How readest thou?" thus Jesus bade him answer his own question. The scribe then quoted Deuteronomy 6.5 and Leviticus 19.18: "Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, and with all thy soul, and with all thy strength, and with all thy mind (i.e. with all thy powers); and thy neighbor as thyself. That Jesus united the two, love for God and love for one's neighbor, is not surprising, but that the Scribe does so causes one to surmise that it was brought about by some remark of Jesus which is not recorded. "Thou hast answered right: this do, and thou shalt live," said Jesus.

"Oh, runs not thus the lesson thou hast taught?
When life's all love, 'tis life; aught else, 'tis naught."—Lanier.

What it means to love man, the parable that follows explains, but what does it mean to love God? Dr. Frederick W. Robertson says that it can mean only one thing; God is Character, and to love God is to love character. For instance, God is Purity, and to be pure is to love God. God is Love, and to love men is to love God. God is Truth, and to live a brave, true, real life, that is to love God. So Whittier, in one of his letters wrote: "I have no consciousness of loving God as a Person, or Power, apart from His attributes. I have no experience or ecstatic emotions, but I know that I love goodness and mercy, charity and peace; that my soul longs for harmony and moral symmetry; that I would sooner wrong myself than my neighbor; and, at times, the sweet sense of an Infinite love overwhelms me and fills me with gratitude and thanksgiving."

Racing Trains To Crossings

Foolhardy Motorists Will Get No Consideration In Japan

In the future the motorist who races trains to crossings will do so at his own risk. His heirs will have no claim on any railway company, public or private, if his temerity sends him on a journey he had not expected to take so immediately. The new ruling is a recognition of the fact that this is an age of speed, and that the country will be benefited more by faster train schedules than by preserving the lives of idiots who race trains to crossings.—Japan Advertiser.

Conscientious Guide (as charabanc falls over the cliff): We have just left Camphor Cliff, ladies and gentlemen. The Bong lighthouse is on your right, and we are now approaching the English Channel.

She Couldn't Be Hoodwinked.

Miss E. Thomson, of Clapham, writes:—"I find that Carter's Little Liver Pills will do more to keep the complexion clear, and the skin free from blemishes, than all the face creams I have used. I found the real cause of face blemishes was usually due to liver and stomach troubles. My druggist recommended them as a specific for stimulating the liver and expelling the constipation poisons from the system."

Take Carter's Little Liver Pills for sick headache and indigestion. All druggists 25¢ and 75¢ red pkgs.

Taking the Census

Army Of 15,000 To Be Engaged In Huge Undertaking

Three times as many persons will be needed to complete Canada's decennial census this summer as Wolfe had when he stormed the Quebec citadel to annex the country to the British Empire, states R. H. Coats, Dominion statistician. On June 1 next a veritable army of 15,000 men and women will begin enumerating the population of the country, gathering eugenic and racial information and social and economic records.

It will be the seventh census since Confederation and will be unique in that unemployment figures will be gathered and information regarding hospitals, asylums and child welfare institutions.

At head of the enumeration and compilation staff, Mr. Coats sought the co-operation of all Canadians, asking that they furnish accurate information when interrogated and expedite proceedings as much as possible.

COUGHS and COLDS

Dangerous complications can quickly develop if coughs and colds are neglected. At the first sign of trouble treat your horses with the old reliable

SPOHN'S COMPOUND

Prized by horse owners everywhere. Used by thousands for over 35 years. Effective, Economical for small or large stables. Sold by druggists and dealers or shipped direct, postage prepaid. FREE BOOKLET sent on Request. Write today!

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Finest You Can Buy! AVOID IMITATIONS

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Make Your Windows Pay

Invest in WINDOLITE Windows and you will be repaid a hundredfold in the health of your Poultry and Live Stock

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THE ORIGINAL GLASS SUBSTITUTE

MADE IN ENGLAND SINCE 1917 ON ORIGINAL PATENTS

This unbreakable glass substitute is light and flexible, easy to cut and fit, will withstand extreme changes in temperature, keeps out cold and wet, but allows the full sunlight to enter, including the health-giving Ultra-Violet Rays, which do not penetrate ordinary glass.

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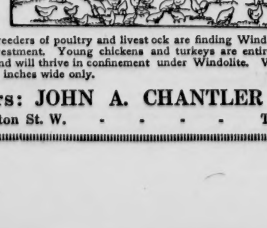

USE WINDOLITE IN BROODER HOUSES LAYING PENS DAIRY BARNS SUNROOMS ETC.

Canadian breeders of poultry and livestock are finding Windolite a most satisfactory and profitable investment. Young chickens and turkeys are entirely free from leg weakness and disease and will thrive in confinement under Windolite. Windolite comes in rolls any length, but 36 inches wide only.

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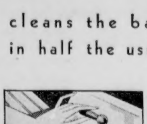
GILLETT'S Flake Lye

cleans the bathroom in half the usual time



■ Full strength for Sink Drains ■ Full strength for the toilet bowl ■ In solution for general cleaning

* Lye should never be dissolved in hot water.

ONE tablespoonful of Gillett's Lye dissolved in a gallon of cold* water provides an ideal, safe solution that quickly cleans everything in the bathroom.

Use it to wash walls, the floor, in the sink and bathtub . . and remember, when you use Gillett's Lye, each is disinfected as well as cleaned with the one operation.

Once each week, pour full strength Gillett's Lye down the closet bowl and it will always be clean and free-running.

• • •

Gillett's Lye has dozens of other handy household uses. Send for the new FREE Gillett's Lye booklet describing the many ways it will help you with all your cleaning. ■

GILLETT'S Lye "Eats Dirt"

THE DUSTY HIGHWAY

— BY —

CHRISTINE WHITING PARMENTER

Copyright 1929

CHAPTER XII.

I'll tell you about it now, Gay, if you'd listen."

It was three weeks later. Nick, dressed for the first time, lay in a lounging chair on the porch, while Gay sat beside him, her usually busy hands idle in her lap—her eyes on the babies at play in the sand pile beneath the trees.

"Sure you feel like talking?" she questioned.

"I'll explode if I don't talk! The way you've bullied me into keeping my mouth shut when there's so much to say, and you must have been thinking such abominable things of me . . ."

Gay laughed.

"I never thought anything abominable at all—that is," she added honestly, "after the first minute when Julie told me that you and Mrs. Halliday had gone alone."

"What did you think then, Gay?"

She reached for his hand, as if in atonement for her disloyalty.

"For just a second, Nick, I wondered if you'd deceived me. And then I was ashamed, horribly ashamed to have had such a thought. I knew almost at once that there was some mistake—something you'd explain when you got home. Even when the whole night passed without you, I didn't distrust you again. I told Mr. Halliday that no harm would come to his wife through you."

Nick kissed her hand. His voice was husky when he said: "I wonder how many wives would give a man the benefit of the doubt at such a time."

"But there was no doubt, Nick, after that first moment. Would you have doubted me?"

He smiled.

"My dear, I wouldn't doubt you if you were gone a week! But that's different. Look here! I want to tell you everything. Of course I didn't misrepresent things, Gay. It was just as I said over the phone. Halliday went to Boston Friday morning, and that afternoon his wife called me up at the bank and asked if I'd dine there. She didn't say he was away, but I suppose I'd have gone in any case. The idea of needing a chaperone didn't strike me. It doesn't yet. If Halliday were alone and you asked him to dine some night when I was out, do you suppose I'd mind? Her asking me was just a neighborly thing to do.

"After dinner she sang, and I tell you, Gay, it was some treat! She sang a lot of the old songs my mother used to sing — Schubert, and Mendelssohn, and some Irish ballads; and ended with that Gypsy thing she sang the night you cried. Do you remember?"

Gay nodded. Would she ever forget? And Nick went on: "We talked a while after that, and she asked about the road to Mason's Falls — said she expected friends for the weekend, and wanted to take them on a good trip. I wondered a little that she should have company at such a time. For all my Gypsy instincts, dear, I'm a Puritan in certain ways. I think she felt my disapproval, for she made a sort of explanation."

Nick paused a moment, then went on quietly: "Gay, I'm sorry for that little woman. Evidently her husband's people don't like her. I gathered that the mother-in-law especially had, well, made her uncomfortable. She said she couldn't bring herself to go to the funeral, and that Halliday understood, and would prefer that she shouldn't mope round all day and be unhappy. I thought it was rather plucky of her to try and forget things. I could see she was all cut up."

Gay drew a sudden breath.

"Nick, I don't wish to seem uncharitable, but Julie told me that she heard Mr. Halliday beg his wife to go with him."

"Well, she must have heard wrong then. Mrs. Halliday said distinctly that he didn't want her to. That's not our affair anyway; but——Did you speak, Gay?"

"No," said Gay quietly. "Go on."

"She got out a road map and I showed her the route, and warned her about those hills above Anton Bay. She said that she was a bit nervous about driving, and wished she could find someone for a chauffeur. I suggested Sam Hilton, but she thought they'd have a better time without a stranger along; and then the idea popped into her head to ask me. She said she didn't see why it hadn't occurred to her in the first place."

Gay said, as he paused again: "Aren't you talking too long, dear?"

"No, Madam, I'm not." He smiled. "I want to get it off my chest. I hesitated about accepting, of course, because my plans were all made to go to you; but as I looked at those maps, Gay, I—well, I was crazy to go! I don't mean that I didn't want you and the boys, too, but——"

"But you wanted the broad highway more?" Gay questioned as he hesitated. "I'll admit, Nick, that the broad highway, with a woman as pretty as Mrs. Halliday thrown in, would weigh rather heavily in the balance against a tired-out wife and——"

"Gay!"

His voice was reproachful, and she laughed, though the laugh was tremulous.

"I was only teasing you, Nick."

"The pretty woman had nothing whatever to do with it," he affirmed sternly. "I'm not adamant before those eyes, no fellow with any red blood in his veins would be; but I knew another pair of eyes—well—I've told you all about those hundreds of times. They're the most beautiful eyes in the world. Now are you satisfied? It was the road that called me, Gay. I suppose it always will. And I remembered your making me promise to tell you if ever I wanted more freedom. It didn't seem a lot to ask when you were coming Wednesday anyway. I don't believe, honestly, dear, I don't believe if I hadn't known you were coming so soon, that the road would have called at all, compared with the call of my precious family. But you were coming, and it seemed a chance to satisfy my craving for a change, and to do a kindness to a neighbor at the same time. So—I telephoned."

"I was terribly disappointed," Gay admitted.

"I knew you were. It made me feel like a slacker—while you were talking; and yet, I didn't think I was unreasonable."

"You weren't, of course. I'm just too silly about you, Nick."

He smiled and said: "Keep on that way, my dear."

"Have you forgotten your story?" she reminded him after a minute.

"I had, for the time being. When, after putting up with his shortcomings for four long years, a man's wife confesses that she's silly about him, it rather turns the head. And I suppose all this time you're wondering about those guests of Mrs. Halliday's. The truth is, they disappointed her. I didn't see her again till Sunday. I was at the Maxwell's Saturday. Janey called up at noon—said she heard I wasn't going to State Line, and asked if I'd hike with her up Ragged Mountain, and go back to supper there. She was just home and wanted news of you and the kiddies. I had a lully time, and stayed till nearly eleven."

"But—how did you happen to go Mason's Falls if Mrs. Halliday's friends didn't come? I thought she was taking the trip on their account."

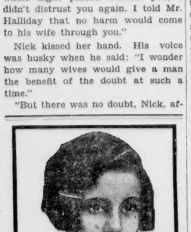
"She was, but she had everything ready, lunch and all, when the message came, I could see she was disappointed, and so was I. When she asked if it would bore me to go with her alone—and if you'd disapprove, well, I suppose I jumped at the chance. I thought we'd be back by five at the very latest, and I knew that you'd be the last one to object. It never occurred to me that Halliday would mind—I mean, mind her going alone with me; and it did seem foolish to give up the trip at that hour; so we went." His face sobered suddenly. "I wish to God we hadn't."

Gay sat still for a moment; then said: "Nick do you remember stopping at a railroad crossing while a freight went by?"

His eyes widened with surprise.

"Why—how did you know? I remember because it was there we ran into a funeral, a rather lonely affair with only one shabby hack. For a moment I feared it would bring things back to Mrs. Halliday and make her sad; but it didn't. She thought it rather a joke on us to run into a hearse when we were off a-pleasuring."

(To Be Continued).



Daughter Is Stronger Now

"My daughter Catherine is fifteen years old. She was very irregular, often sick at her stomach and had to stay in bed two or three days at a time. One of your booklets was sent to us by mail so I got her a bottle of Vegetable Compound. Catherine has been taking it regularly and she is gaining in weight and every way. I told the neighbors and four other girls are taking it with good results."—Mrs. Clarence Jenkinson, Box 14, Thomlae, Ontario.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass. U. S. A. and Sydney, Ontario, Canada.

W. N. U. 1879

Little Helps For This Week

"He that hath no rule over his own spirit is like a city that is broken down and without walls."—Proverbs xxv. 28.

Real glory
Springs from the quiet conquest of ourselves;
And without that the conqueror is nought
But the first slave.

—Thomson.

Rest not in an ovation, but in a triumph over thy passions. Let anger walk hanging down the head; let malice go manacled and envy fettered after thee. Behold within thee the whole train of thy trophies, not without thee. Chain up the unruly legion of thy breast, lead thine own captivity captive, and be Caesar within thyself."—Sir Thomas Browne.

Wagner Festival

Toscanini Will Conduct Performances Of Tannhauser At Bayreuth

Toscanini, Furtwaengler and Elmendorff will be conductors at this year's Wagner Festival to be held at Bayreuth. This will be the second year in succession that this honour has been bestowed on Toscanini.

Born in Parma, Italy, in 1867, Arturo Toscanini has had a brilliant musical career. He received his early training at Milan Conservatory and in the year 1908 was appointed to the conductorship of the Metropolitan Opera House in New York, which position he retained until 1931.

To the thousands who attended the festival last year his conducting was a revelation and completely vindicated the faith of those responsible for the breaking of the tradition that only a German was capable of interpreting Wagner.

Boris Hambourg, of that famous Canadian quartette known as the Hart House Quartette, all of whom attended the festival, described the conducting of Toscanini as being nothing short of marvellous. In all his interviews on his arrival at Montreal on the Cunard liner "Ascania," after the festival, Hambourg had nothing but the highest praise for the Italian conductor.

Arturo Toscanini will, this year, conduct all performances of Tannhauser on July 21st and August 1st, 5th, 8th and 17th. He will also conduct "Parsifal" on July 22nd and August 6th, 9th and 19th. It was originally intended that Dr. Muck would conduct "Parsifal," but owing to a very serious illness has been compelled to withdraw. Dr. Muck is a musician who has been brought up in an atmosphere literally steeped in the Wagner tradition, and it was with great regret that he has had to discontinue his Bayreuth activities.

This year Herr Furtwaengler will be musical director-general of the Bayreuth Festival Plays, and will conduct "Tristan" himself. Carl Elmendorff will again be the conductor of the "Ring of the Nibelung."

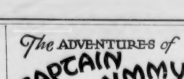
Convenient sailings can be arranged via the Cunard Line for those wishing to attend the festival and each Friday during July and August there will be two Cunard-Anchor-Donaldson liners sailing from Montreal for Great Britain and the Continent.

Strange Himalayan Race

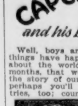
High in the Himalayan Mountains there is a mysterious tribe of people living in caves and having no contact with civilization. Little is known about them except that they are, according to the inscriptions on their caves, of Chaldean origin. Their years are nine months long, and many of the members of the tribe are 150 "years" old.

Corns Quick Relief! PUTNAM'S Corn Extractor

The ADVENTURES of CAPTAIN JIMMY and his Dog SCOTTIE



Well, boys and girls, so many queer things have happened to us while flying about the world during the last few months, that we just have to tell you the story of our adventures. Some day, perhaps you'll fly over strange countries, too; countries filled with savage tribes and wild animals, and a thousand interesting things one never dreams of while sitting at home.



Perhaps you'll fly above the clouds at times and look down on them billowing and rolling beneath the wings like a big sea of gold and silver in the sunrise; and away down below you'll see great fleets of warships in their harbors, so far down that they look like toy boats floating on the rim of a bathtub.

At other times you'll fly over black tropical forests and follow the white track of unknown rivers under the light of a huge bright moon—wonderful, dangerous forests where crocodiles lurk in the swamps and tigers and bears hunt through the livelong night, while blue faced monkeys swing and chatter in the trees.

You'll see these things, and a thousand more, and of course you'll want to tell the boys and girls you know all about your adventures, just like I am going to tell you mine.

Most of the boys and girls I know call me Captain Jimmy. While my real name is Captain James Haverith Newberry, only the grown-ups call me that. We fly a Vickers plane. Fly we, I mean Scottie and myself. Scottie is one of those Irish whiskery dogs known as Scotch Terriers. He looks like an animated bath brush, and he has never won a blue ribbon or a prize; yet, for sheer personality, he's a dog dow all by himself.

Scottie is the first mate and the crew—and what a crew he makes, anyway. I found Scottie when he was only about six weeks old, and he and I just took to each other. You know how it is. Sometimes a dog just adopts you. You don't buy him; he picks you. Scottie just got used to riding around with me so I couldn't keep him out of the plane. From the day of my first ride he has gone everywhere with me—all over Canada, Europe and even Africa.

It was a fine bright morning when we pulled the old Vickers out of her hangar at the Calgary flying field, and headed her out into the wind. Perhaps if we had known all the adventures we were going to meet we would never have made the trip at all. For you know, while it's lots of fun to read of adventures, actually having them sometimes is not all it's cracked up to be—and you often—yes, very often—wish that you were in some nice safe place instead.

We had the propeller humming like a giant bee — the even contented hum that is music to an airman — when the ground shot away from under us and we rose into the sky. We were probably going 70 or 80 miles an hour, but it didn't feel so fast as we got further away from the field.

Once in the air, a 'plane is not hard to drive. In front of the pilot's seat is the chief control lever known as the "stick." It is not a very hard name to remember, but it is a sure enough important piece of the 'plane. When I pull the stick toward me it lifts the horizontal fins on the tail of the 'plane, and causes the nose to push up into the air. When I push the stick from me, it pulls the fins down, and of course pulls the 'plane down too. The foot levers work the rudders at the extreme tail of the 'plane. When I push the one to the right, the 'plane turns to the right—when I push to the left, the 'plane goes to the left. It's exactly like steering a car, only you do it with your feet instead. A round clock on the instrument board tells me how fast I am going—another tells me how high up I am in the air. So you see it's all easy enough when you get used to it — like lots of things that look hard at first.

Calgary soon looked like a model city as it faded away behind us, and we roared out toward the foothills with the wind whistling in the stays, and the Eagle climbing higher and higher. We had a good high ceiling and no clouds in the sky. We could see the horizon on every side, like the rim of a giant saucer. What a country!

As we flew over the foothills, the scenery became more beautiful. Wooded slopes, cool vistas, and here and there an open valley where the lonely cabin of some homesteader or prospector showed half in the cover of the woods. Then shadows began to make patches on the ground below—the shadows of gathering clouds. Scottie, sensing that something was wrong and pawed at my flying suit—as dogs do when they want to draw your attention. Then suddenly "puff" a gust of wind struck us—then another and another. Then a rain squall hit us —and in a moment we were in the center of the meanest storm you ever saw, the old ship rocking and tossing like a boat in an angry sea — the sky growing darker every minute — and the rain coming down in sheets amid the blinding flash of blue lightning. Then the right wing dipped crazily and the 'plane began to slip sideways. . . . .

To be continued next week.

Borden's Chocolate Malted Milk

The health-giving, delicious drink for children and grown-ups. - - - Pound and half pound tins at your grocers

Canada's Leather Industry

The capital investment of the leather industry in Canada in 1929 had a total value of $27,059,201.

Wretched From Asthma. Strength of body and vigor of mind are inevitably impaired by the visitations of asthma. Who can live under the recurring attacks and keep body and mind at their full efficiency? Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy dissipates the dread by removing the cause. It does relieve. It does restore the sufferer to normal bodily trim and mental happiness.

"In time of trial," inquired the speaker, "what brings us the greatest comfort?"

"An acquittal," interrupted a man at the back of the hall.

Says Depression On Wane

Hon. Gideon Robertson, Minister of Labor, told an audience of women at Montreal that depression was on the wane and that by May or June this fact would be more generally evident. The minister was addressing the Montreal Women's club and reviewed in detail the setting out of the Federal Government's grant to provinces and municipalities to facilitate public works in the interest of the unemployed.

Distemper responds quickly to Douglas' Egyptian Liniment. Keep a bottle handy in the stable.

Twenty-five ships were launched from Belfast, Ireland, shipyards in 1930 as compared with 18 in 1929.

SAFE For NEURALGIA

Prompt relief from HEADACHES, LUMBAGO, COLDS, SORE THROAT, RHEUMATISM, NEURITIS, NEURALGIA, ACHES and PAINS

Tablets Aspirin MADE IN CANADA BAYER Genuine

DOES NOT HARM THE HEART

ASPIRIN

TRADE-MARK REG.

Accept only "Aspirin" package which contains proven directions. Handy "Aspirin" boxes of 12 tablets. Also bottles of 24 and 100—All druggists. (Made in Canada)

When you Advertise in

The News

you are using the logical medium to give the people of this district your message .. ..

Newspaper advertising is low in cost .. .. ..

Taking into consideration postage and time spent in mailing other forms of advertising you will find it most economical to

Give your message in the columns of your

Local Paper

About Town and Country

E. J. Anderson, B. Sc., eye sight specialist, will be at the hotel in Oyen, on Saturday, March 7.

• • •

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. William Frizzell of Sibbald, at Oyen nursing home, on Monday, March 2, 1931, a daughter.

• • •

Mrs. Robert Green, who underwent an operation last week in Calgary, is reported to be doing as well as can be expected. Mr. Hugh Clarke, her father, and Mrs. F. Davidson, her sister, of Dinsmore, Sask., and her husband, who accompanied her to the city, returned to Oyen last Sunday evening. Mr. Clarke and Mrs. Davidson left for their homes in Dinsmore on Monday.

• • •

Mr. Roberts Sr. who was an Oyen visitor the fore part of last week, returned to Calgary, Tuesday, accompanied by his wife and daughter in-law who had been guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Lees.

• • •

A sale of home cooking and afternoon tea, sponsored by the C.G.I.T. and held in Oyen last Saturday, was well patronized.

• • •

A rink composed of Stanley Thayer, William Owens, Father Lynett and Geo. A. Morrison, left last Monday afternoon for Kindersley to play in the bonspiel.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. J. Green and Mr. W. R. Cutlan, who motored to Calgary last Sunday, returned to Oyen last night.

• • •

The death of Mrs. P. H. Peterson, occurred on Thursday, February 26, 1931, at the Memorial Hospital, Kennedy, Minn. Mrs. Peterson, who had been in failing health for some time, left Rosedale, Alta., where she resided with her daughter Harriet and son LeMarre, to visit her brother in Hallock, Minn., about three weeks ago.

• • •

The Oyen "Grads" meet the Chinook ladies soft ball team at Chinook last Saturday, and returned home victors by a score of 31-12. The Oyen team showed fine combination.

• • •

Both the men's and women's soft ball teams of Chinook expect to play in Oyen next Saturday.

• • •

Sponsored by the Sibbald Women's Institute, the comedy "The Arrival of Kitty" was presented in Oyen Theatre last night before a good house. Previously presented with considerable success in Sibbald, the players were given a good reception here, and the comedy will be repeated in Cereal next Friday.

The entertainment was followed by a dance.

• • •

A cullerr'd gen'leman mustered up his courage and took a flight in an airplane. As he climbed out of the plane on its return to the field, he turned to the pilot and said:

"Suh, Ah has to thank you fo' both dem rides."

"What are you talking about. You only had one."

"No, suh, Ah had two—mah fust an' mah last."

• • •

The Ladies Aid will serve afternoon tea at the Manse, on Saturday, March 14, from 3 p.m. till 6 p.m. 25 cents. Everybody cordially invited.

• • •

Mr. V. E. French arrived in Oyen last Monday from Madison, Sask., to take charge of the local branch of the Bank of Toronto, in succession to Mr. H. R. Chapin, who will be leaving shortly for Winnipeg.

• • •

Mr. C. V. Johnson, of Hanna was a business visitor in town during the later part of last week.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Robert McLaren and daughter Joyce returned home yesterday after spending a few days in Calgary.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Wm M. Denton who have been spending a holiday at the coast, returned to their home at Benton, yesterday.

• • •

Mrs. F. C. McClean, who has been in Edmonton for the last two months, returned to Oyen last Sunday.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Purcell and Father Lynett, who were Calgary visitors last week, returned to Oyen Thursday.

• • •

CARD OF THANKS

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Odden desire to express their appreciation of the kindness extended in their recent sorrow, and to thank all who sent flowers. Every one was very good to us.

Here and There

Production of newsprint paper in Canada in 1930 totalled about 2,-500,000 tons, a production considerably greater than that of any other country.

Canada will have a large and attractive exhibit at the Buenos Aires Exhibition, March 14 to April 27. Canadian manufacturers will also be exhibiting their products in the Canadian section.

Hotel accommodation in the Prairie Provinces, according to the latest computation, is arrived at as follows:—In Manitoba, 285 hotels; in Saskatchewan, 400; and in Alberta, 419.

Portugal is the latest recruit to the forthcoming World's Grain Exhibition and Conference to be held in Regina in the summer of 1932. Eleven other countries have so far notified their intention to show.

Oil production in Alberta is decidedly on the upgrade, according to provincial government figures recently compiled. Total output in 1930 was 1,425,844 barrels compared with 999,152 in 1929.

Placement of 1,600,000 salmon fry and 1,000,000 trout has been made throughout different sections of Nova Scotia, a generous percentage of which went to the brooks and streams of Annapolis Valley.

Life, fire, accident and other insurance companies collected a total of $10,366,636 in annual premiums on policies in force in Nova Scotia during the past fiscal year. This represents an increase of nearly $1,000,000 over the previous year.

A combination of high speed at sea, special rail facilities at Quebec—including a tunnel under the famous battlefields—and special trains to New York and Chicago will shorten the time between London and most Canadian and United States cities by from one and a half to two days.

Freight transportation requirements of the United States are equivalent to hauling 400 billion tons one mile every year and there is no other instrumentality that can handle more than 20 per cent. of these requirements, it was stated recently in an address in New York City.

C. B. Andrews, of Winnipeg, has been appointed district passenger agent at Saint John, N.B. in succession to George S. Beer. Mr. Andrews joined Canadian Pacific service in 1910 and has worked his way up from a clerkship in the superintendent's office at Souris, Manitoba.

Co-operative associations in Canada numbered 1,095 in 1930 with a total membership of 690,685. In 1929 there were 936 of these organizations which reported 512,835 members. They include grain growers, dairy farmers and fruit and vegetable growers in the eastern provinces.

Enrollment in the Saskatchewan Government's correspondence school has now passed the 5,000 mark, according to information received from the office of Premier J. T. M. Anderson, Minister of Education. Applications are still coming in, as many as 43 being received in one day, and up to the present the department has been able to handle all applications.

706

Church Notices

OYEN UNITED CHURCH

Sunday, MARCH 8
at 7.30 p.m.
"Ways of Reaching Certainty in Religion"
Rev. H. C. Woods.

ALL SAINTS CHURCH
(Anglican)

Thursday, MARCH 5
Children's Service .... 4.30 p.m.
Confirmation Class .. 5.00 p.m.
Lenten Service .... 7.00 p.m.
Rev. W. D. Hazel
Rev. C. M. K. Parsons

Sunday, MARCH 8
Evensong ..... 3.00 p.m.
Rev. C. M. K. Parsons

Professional Cards

Dr. S. R. McGregor
Physician and Surgeon
Office - First Avenue East
Office and Residence — Phone 7

J. J. Kelly, L. L. B.
Barrister, Solicitor and Notary Public
Money to Loan
Oyen. Alberta

John P. Kerr
Veterinary Surgeon
Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College
Oyen, Alta

Look at your address label!

OYEN CARTAGE AND TRANSFER
Motor Truck Service
Water Delivered
Leave Orders on Pad in Office
W. D. MORRELL
Phones: Residence 41 Office 65

CLASSIFIED ADS.

LOST

LOST—A bunch of keys on circular key ring, in Oyen sometime last week. Finder please leave same at Snyder's Garage.

FOUND

STRAYED—On to my place (16-26-4) about 10 days ago red sow pig. Owner may have same by paying cost of this adv. H. E. Briley, Oyen.

WANTED

WANTED—Young Norwegian wishes to obtain farmwork. Apply to John Mork, care of Albert Bakken, Excel, Alta.

WILL EXCHANGE

WILL EXCHANGE—32 inch "Winner" fanning mill for grain. J. W. Robinson, Oyen.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Yorkshire grade sows, bred to registered boar. Due to farrow in March and April. Also pure breds from fall litters. Albert Bakken, Excel, Alta. Phone 1120.

SUBSCRIPTIONS—to the following magazines are taken at the office of the Oyen News: "Maclean's", Canada's National magazine, $2.00 a year, or $5.00 for three years. The Country Gentleman, $1.00 for three years. The Ladies Home Journal, $1.00 a year. The Saturday Evening post, $3.00 a year. Good Housekeeping $3.50 a year. C. L. Dunford Agent.

Miss Pearl Harvey
NURSE
OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENTS
Owing to present financial conditions I have reduced my fees to $2.00 a day.
Apply: Care of Mrs. Stanley Martin.
OYEN - ALBERTA